vious airlines eye growing network:

y Japan would turn to L. America:

nard-Hearns fight: Page 7



Today's Weather

It will be cooler, with low clouds in the morning

Daytime High 26

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 29, Aqaba 34, Humidity readings: Amman 28 per cent, Aqaba 35 per cent.

Israel over strategic cooperation

accords reached with President

e 6, Number 1761

AMMAN, THURSDAY-FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 17-18, 1981 — DUL QAIDA 19-20, 1401

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

, Algeria vide Angola vIiG-25 jets

N, Sept. 16 (R) — ial Mozambique radio. y Libya and Algeria ovide Soviet-built fighter bombers to gola counter South ur attacks against its The radio, monitored British Broadcasting ion (BBC), said dipcontacts were under veen Algeria, Libya, que, Nigeria, Tani other African comnamel military aid to

an quake aches 400 4,000 injured

BAD, Sept. 16 (R) han 400 people were about 4,000 injured rthquake that hit a egion of northern near the Chinese boraturday, the head of operation reported a said fresh tremors . ritting the area, sendlers crashing down sides. Brig. Sher Ali tor general of Pakisargency relief organold reporters that the s were making relief is hazardous. The linking the area with dministrative headof the region, was ınd relief supplies had it by helicopter. The areas were the valleys , Tangir and Khanre 10 villages were

oman assault protests at : ar plant

ompletely destroyed.

thouske's epicentre

kilometres northeast

war, capital of the

st Frontier Province.

BEACH, California, (R) — An all-woman oup scaled the barbed ce of a new atomic ation on the rugged a coast today during a day of anti-nuclear ations. Police said arrested 560 people fter using ladders to wire, 15 women sat access road to the myon station to try to plant's 730 workers plies from getting Singing protest songs ed by supporters, the onstrators went over yesterday.

's portrait or jailed

N, Sept. 16 (R) - A

-old student from

Ireland who slashed a

of the Princess of is jailed today for six and ordered to pay w its repair. Paul Salo was born in Malta es from Belfast, told fter the incident on that he had "done it , ad," a London magisut heard. He said he ______ionalist and wanted to ad united and attacked of everything British, ecution said that soon national positions. national portrait gal-ned on Aug. 29, Salpped over the barrier ig the painting from sees, finally ripping it to bottom.

aw warns arity **vodshed**

AW, Sept. 16 (R) ---'s communist rulers the Solidarity free mon tonight of the risk ished as a result of the power struggle and y would use all means ent a political takeover. arning by the ruling to, read on television. inst reaction from the hip to the Solidarity is in Gdansk last week alled for free elections upported free trade elsewhere in East. . (See story on page 8)

Sadat orders all Soviets out

CAIRO, Sept. 16 (Agencies) — President Anwar Sadat has ordered more than 1,500 Soviet officials and advisers out of Egypt within a week, claiming Moscow incited the recent Muslim-Christian strife in Cairo. It is the most serious rift in Soviet-Egyptian relations since Mr. Sadat expelled 17,000

Soviet military advisers from Egypt in 1972. The Soviet embassy today prepared for an exodus of diplomats and experts after Egypt ordered Moscow to reduce its presence to a handful of officials.

Ambassador Vladimir Polyakov and six other Soviet diplomats who were ordered yesterday to leave within 48 hours, will fly home tomorrow night, the official Middle East News Agency (MENA) said.

The government ordered the closure of the Soviet military bureau and said that within a week it would terminate the contracts of the last Soviet civilian experts. These are survivors from a period when this country was Moscow's closest ally in the Arab World.

According to Western sources, about 1,000 experts remain, helping maintain the Soviet-built Aswan High Dam and working in steel and

The sources said Cairo could encounter problems finding qualified replacements. Officials said they planned to appoint Egyptians to fill the jobs. An East European diplomat who asked not to be named said communist embassies feared more expulsions might be imminent.

It is absurd, Moscow says

Meanwhile in Moscow, Egypt's allegation that the Kremlin was fomenting opposition to President Sadar's government is absurd, Soviet television said

In Moscow's first reaction, television commentator Vladimir Dunayev said: "All this is being done to unleash an anti-Soviet campaign and deal with growing opposition in all strata of Egyptian

Absurd allegations had been made that Soviet diplomatic representatives were inciting internecine and religious conflicts, he added.

Officials at the Egyptian embassy in Moscow were not available for comment on the measures. But the head of its military bureau, Lt. Col. Abdul Hamid Khalifa, said his 10-man staff would leave Moscow within 48 hours on instructions from

shooting down Libyan bomber KĤARTOUM, Sudan, Sept. 16 (A.P.) — A Libyan bomber was

Sudan claims

shot down today after being fired on by Chadian guerrilla and Sodanese air defences in the first direct confrontation between Libya and Sudan, the Sudanese News Agency reported.

In a report from the Sudanese town of Al Genaina, a military outpost near the frontiers with Chad, the agency quoted eyewitnesses as saying the Libyan plane was fired at and shot down after it flew over Al Genaina and the Chadian town of Adre 33 kilometres east of

The report did not specify which of air defence systems down the plane. SUNA reported: "The bomber was shot down after being fired on by land defences in both Genaina and Adre." The plane was downed and two pilots killed, the report said.

Libya intervened militarily in Chad last December and maintains some 12,000 to 15,000 troops there. They are supporting President Goukouni Oneddei and Foreign Minister Aimed Acyle against the rebel forces of former defence minister Hissne Habre.

Sudan and Egypt, linked by a joint defence pact, have repeatedly said they feel threatened by the large Soviet equipped Libyan presence in Chad, and have warned they will act immediately if their sovereignty is violated.

He succeeded the late prime

minister Mohammad Jawad

Bahonar in the party leadership.

Mr. Bahonar was assassinated

along with President Raja'i by a

firebomb at the premier's office

sidered a trusted Khomeini dis-

ciple. But he is not an IRP

member and has been frequently

criticised in parliament when he

served as interior minister, under

both Mr. Raja'i and then Mr.

Bahonar, for the failure of Iran's

security forces to curb the secular

leftist campaign of bombings and

assassinations against the Kho-

In addition to Avatoliah

Khamenei and Hojatoleslam

Kani, Kayhan reported Education

Minister Ali Akbar Parvaresh.

former deputy interior minister

Reza Zavarehei and Tehran par-

liament members Ali Akbar Vil-

ayati and Hassan Ghafouri are

meini regime, sources said.

Hojatoleslam Kani is con-

aluminium plants and a few other projects. Arab front leaders confer in Libya to counter U.S.-Israeli joint moves

BEIRUT, Sept. 16 (Agencies) — The heads of state of the member countries of the Steadfastness and Confrontation Front gathered in Libya to map out a joint strategy to counter the growing hostility towards the Arabs from Israel and the United States.

The official Libyan news agency JANA said Algerian President Chadli Benjedid arrived in Benghazi today to a rousing reception from a crowd calling for unified Arab action against the "imperialist-Zionist onslaught."

Leaders of other members of the front, which opposes the American-sponsored Israeli-Egyptian peace accords, all arrived in Benghazi earlier.

Informed Syrian sources said the front would hold a summit to discuss developments in the Middle East, in particular planned increases in strategic cooperation between Israel and the United States and a clampdown on opposition groups in Egypt.

JANA made no mention of the start of a meeting but the Beirut newspaper As Safir said it would open tomorrow.

The other leaders in Benghazi include Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi, Syrian President Hafez Al Assad, South Yemeni President Ali Nasser Mohammad and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat.

Mousavi is expected to attend as an observer, follows an announcement in Washington last week that Israel and the United States plan to boost their strategic cooperation.

Libya has been pressing for a summit meeting of the front since U.S. planes shot down two Libvan jets off the Gulf of Sirte last

The Syrian sources said Libya and South Yemen would seek the approval of their steadfastness partners for a treaty of friendship and cooperation which they concluded with Ethiopia last month. The Beirut newspaper As Safir fastness front and the Soviet Col. Qadhafi said in a recent speech that it was no longer permissible to remain neutral, adding that Libya might have no alter-

said it was believed the summit

might lead to closer cooperation

between members of the stead-

native but to join its "enemy's The Damascus newspaper Al Baath, today stressed a need for "establishing an alliance between Arab liberation forces and those

elsewhere in the world to foil the

new U.S.-Israeli strategic

on Aug. 30.

of Iranian presidency aspirants

The sources said Ayatollah

Khamenei is the IRPs number

one candidate and that the rest of

the contenders have signed up

mainly as backstop candidates

should be be assassinated or is

unable to stay in the race for

lung and windpipe injuries in an

assassination attempt by a booby-

trapped tape recorder that

exploded near the microphone of

a Tehran mosque while delivering

sermon on June 27, five days after

the ouster of ex-president Abol

Ayatollah Khomeini's personal

representative on Iran's supreme

defence council, which handles

the one-year-old war with Iraq,

and a parliament member from

Tehran. His powerful oratory in

Farsi and Arabic has been a major

factor in his rapid rise in Ayatollah

Khomeini's graces and his unani-

mous election on Aug. 31 to his

Ayatollah Khamenei also is

Ayatollah Khamenei suffered

health reasons.

Hassan Bani-Sadr.

Premier Kani joins bandwagon

BEIRUT, Sept. 16 (A.P.) — Prime Minister Mohammad-Reza Kani has signed up to run for president in the Oct. 2 elections in addition to the ruling Islamic Republican Party's (IRP's) secretary general, Hojatoleslam Ali Khamenei, the Tehran newspaper

Kayhan reported today. But knowledgeable Iranian sources doubt that Ayatollah Kani, 52, would pose a serious challenge to the 42-year-old Khamenei in the race to succeed slain president Mohammad Ali

The planned meeting, which Iranian Foreign Minister Hussein Raja'i. **U.S.-Soviet arms talks** expected to start Nov. 17

BRUSSELS, Sept. 16 (R) — The United States and the Soviet Union are expected to fix Nov. 17 for resuming negotiations on arms control in Europe, NATO sources said today.

They said the date was likely to be set during a meeting between U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig and Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko at the United Nations in New York next week. Mr. Haig and Mr. Gromyko would probably agree to hold the negotiations on limiting European-based, medium-range nuclear missiles in Geneva, the sources said.

U.S. sources could not confirm the precise date and venue. They would only say that the negotiations were due to start by the end of

At issue in the negotiations will be the controversial deployment of 572 U.S. Pershing-II and Cruise missiles in Europe, decided by NATO in 1979 to meet what it regards as the challenge of Soviet

The NATO missiles are due for deployment by the end of 1983, but some European governments have been under public pressure to refuse to accept them on their soil. This year's talks follow the breakdown of similar negotiations in

Geneva last autumn.

NATO diplomats expect the next talks to be difficult. Moscow says there is parity between the two sides' so-called Theatre Nuclear Forces (TNF), while the Americans maintain there is a four-to-one imbalance in favour of the Soviet Union.

LLANDUDNO, Wales, Sept. 16 (R) - Britain's

Liberal Party decided by an overwhelming majority

today to forge an electoral pact with the flourishing

new social democratic party and to drive for power

as a centrist government in the next election.
Only 112 of 1,700 delegates opposed the alliance

in a vote on the second day of the Liberal Party's

Six officials from each party will now start meet-

ings to work out a joint strategy for victory in the general election expected in 1984.

have a strong chance of producing Britain's first

Opinion polls indicate that the alliance would

The parties already have an informal pact and

The Social Democratic Party (SDP), formed in

March as a breaksway from the opposition Labour

Party which is swinging to the left, has already

their candidates have attracted strong support in

recent parliamentary and local government by-

annual conference.

centrist coalition government.

U.K. Liberals, SDP form alliance

recruited 52,000 members.

during today's debate.

formation."

among the presidential aspirants. most powerful position-the IRP Islamabad's 'no war' offer gets cool Delhi reception

NEW DELHI, Sept. 16 (A.P.) — India has reacted cautiously to Pakistan's offer for talks on mutual security concerns and its proposed no-war pact.

The statement made by the (Pakistan) official spokesman is under study." an Indian spokesman told reporters. He refused to elaborate or answer questions. Yesterday, Pakistan announced

Liberal leader David Steel, 43, strongly urged his

party to enter an alliance, saying it provided the

best chance in years for the Liberals to implement

At a packed private meeting last night Mr. Steel

sought to soothe fears that the Liberal Party would

lose its identity, stressing that the alliance was ini-

tially intended to last only until after the election.

Two of the SDP's four joint leaders, Roy Jenkins

Mr. Jenkins, former president of the European

Economic Community's executive commission in

Brussels, said later that British politics were going

through "an extraordinary period of trans-

The SDP opens its first conference on Oct. 4 in

Perth, Scotland, at which it plans to adopt firm

policies and choose a party leader.

and Shirley Williams, sat in the conference hall

credits from the United States and told India that it was prepared to enter talks on "non-aggression" In a statement, the Pakistan foreign office added that the arms supply, which has been bitterly

it has accepted a \$3.2 billion pac-

kage of economic aid and military

meant to replace obsolete defence equipment. The two neighbours have fought three wars since they

opposed by India, was partially

became independent in 1947. The low-key Indian response contrasted with earlier negative

reaction to similar Islamabad suggestions from New Delhi. India has said that Pakistan

should instead concentrate on implementing the Simla Agreement. That accord formally ended the 1971 Indo-Pakistan war which led to Bangladesh's independence and also called for trade, economic and cultural relations.

Prime Minister Indira Gandhi says that the arms deal could trigger an arms race on the subcontinent. She also has pointed out that arms previously supplied by the United States to Pakistan were used against India in the

Begin arrives back home to face sharp criticism

possible air cover in the Mediter-

Jerusalem Post commented:

"Regardless of the precise meas-

ure of strategic cooperation finally

agreed on, it will effectively limit

the freedom of Israel's military

TEL AVIV, Sept. 16 (R) — Prime Minister Menachem Begin returned from the United States today to face growing unease in

Ronald Reagan. facilities for U.S. forces as well as

Soviet expansion in the Middle This has raised concern that East and that Israel had no wish to closer cooperation might tie be defended by foreign soldiers. 'We can look after ourselves in Israel's hands when it came to such operations as the bombing of the future as well as in the past," the Iraqi nuclear reactor last June and the bombing of civilians in Mr. Begin said. "But we have joint strategic interests with the United Beirut last July.
The English-language

He told reporters the accords

were aimed solely at containing

States to contain Soviet expansion which is dangerous to the free world." Domestic critics have expressed fear that such cooperation with the United States could saddle Israel with unwelcome obligations without providing any solid gains

in return. One line of objection was summed up by a small group of

demonstrators who greeted Mr.

Begin with placards declaring:

Earlier in the week the oppos-

ition Labour Party accused Mr.

Begin of offering to place Israeli

forces at America's disposal

"without any connection with this

country's defence needs and with-

out Israel having been asked to do

Defence Minister Ariel Sharon

insisted that Israel was not making

reserves in a national emergency,

would find it easy to conduct any

sustained campaign far from

so far, Israel has offered to stock-

pile American arms on its soil for

use in a Middle East emergency

and to provide maintenance

so in the first place."

American interests.

action in the future. Some diplomats subscribed to the Jerusalem Post view. But others suggested that by increas-

ing its value as a strategic asset. Israel would be less likely to face American pressure to grant more freedom to Palestinians in occupied territory.

The afternoon newspaper Yediot Ahronot, often a supporter of Mr. Begin, said the Washington accords might harm future prospects of improving Israel's relations with the Soviet

The paper commented: "The danger is that the damage of a noisy initiative of American-Israeli strategic cooperation -whose fate is liable to be that of a mountain that turned into a molehill - will be greater than its

Concern over AWACS deal prompts last-minute Begin-Haig talks at N.Y.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16 (R) -U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig held a last-minute airport meeting with Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin last night because of concern that congressional opposition to the sale of radar planes to Saudi Arabia may be growing, diplomatic sources said today. They said the proposed sale of

five U.S. Airborne Warning And Control System (AWACS) planes was the main topic when the two met in New York moments before nine-day visit.

"Haig discussed AWACS for the last time, maybe, trying to convince him to withdraw his opposition," one source said. He added that the Reagan

administration seemed increasingly worried about the outlook for the sale's passage through Congress. Congress, which has until Oct.

its forces available simply to serve 30 to vote on the issue, can block the sale if a majority of both the Western military experts have Senate and the House of Repexpressed doubt that Israel's resentatives oppose it. armed forces, with their reliance Chances of winning approval in on widespread mobilization of

the House of Representatives have always appeared slim, and the administration is pinning its hopes on a majority in the Senate.

But Assistant Senate Demo-According to details disclosed cratic leader Alan Cranston of California, whose head-counts have proved accurate in the past said yesterday that 54 senutors were opposed to the sale, a clear happy."

majority in the 100-member body. In a television interview last

Sunday, Mr. Cranston had put the opposition strength at 51. The sources said the Senate was almost certainly behind the deci-

sion to make a final appeal to Mr. The State Department said the hastily arranged visit was intended to say goodbye and to brief Mr.

Begin on Mr. Haig's meeting with Saudi Crown Prince Fahd in Spain Administration officials said before Mr. Begin arrived that his

vocal opposition to the AWACS deal could seriously damage its chances in Congress. Mr. Begin insisted in Washington that he would not interfere in a

U.S. domestic matter but that he would give his opinion to members of Congress and others when asked. On arriving home early today,

Mr. Begin repeated his claim that the AWACS in Saudi hands would be a grave threat to Israel's sec-But he said he had avoided a direct confrontation on the issue

with President Reagan, whom he was meeting for the first time. Both U.S. and Israeli officials said last week that the two leaders

had got on well. But a diplomatic source said

today he was "not sure the mood at the meeting with Haig was as

MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

Klibi urges WHO office transfer to Amman

TUNIS, Sept. 16 (R) - Arab League Secretary General Chadli Klibi appealed today for international support of an Arab demand to transfer the World Health Organisation (WHO) East Mediterranean bureau from Egypt to Jordan. At the opening session of the eighth conference of Arab health ministers, Mr. Klibi urged friendly countries and especially Muslim states to support the Arab move to get the who bureau moved from Alexandria to Amman. The session is due to discuss the issue and designate an Arab candidate for the post of who director, Arab League sources

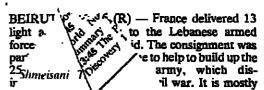
Pope receives secret message from Sadat

VATICAN CITY, Sept. 16 (R) - A personal message from President Anwar Sadat was delivered to Pope John Paul today by Egypt's Deputy Foreign Minister Boutros Ghali, Vatican officials said. The officials did not disclose the contents of the message, which Dr. Boutros Ghali handed over during a 20-minute audience at the papal summer palace at Castel Gandolfo. Vatican sources said the minister and the Pope were understood to have discussed prospects for peace in the Middle East and internal developments in Egypt. A senior Vatican source told Reuters that Pope John Paul has been disturbed by measures Mr. Sadat took against Pope Shenouda, his counterpart in the Coptic Church. Pope Shenouda, with whom the Vatican has conducted friendly relations for many years, was stripped of his powers during a clampdown on political and religious groups in Egypt. Mr. Sadat sent a personal message to Pope John Paul in September last year, details of which were also kept secret.

Rabbis ordered to keep hands off archaeology

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Sept. 16 (R) - The Israeli supreme court has ordered the country's rabbis not to interfere in archaeological excavations to uncover King David's biblical city, which it says is a secular matter. In a judgment published yesterday, judge Moshe Landau also sharply criticised Education Minister Zevulun Hammer who he said had put a religious ruling issued by Chief Rabbi Shlomo Goren above the dictates of the law. The case reached the supreme court after Mr. Hammer issued a temporary order preventing archaeologists from digging on the site of David's City. This was in response to a ruling by Rabbi Goren that the excavations were desecrating a medieval Jewish cemetery which the rabbi said was on the site. The archaeologists won their appeal against the order. They believe there was never a Jewish cemetery on the site. Ultrareligious Jews who objected to the dig have staged several demonstrations on the site over the past month, some of them violent, and scores of people have been arrested.

Lebanon receives armoured tanks from France



army, which dis-il war. It is mostly

NATIONAL

Study visas to the U.S.

It ain't easy...

By Mohammad Ayish Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The increasing number of secondary school graduates as well as the lack of capacity at Jordan's two universities to absorb them have prompted university-degree seekers to look for alternatives abroad, particularly in the United States. But as those students embark on the process of fulfilling the administrative and academic requirements in order to be able to go to U.S. schools and colleges, they are faced with a bundle of problems, the most outstanding of which seems to be their own total ignorance of the U.S. academic

A well-known Jordanian educationalist has said the absence of academic advisors at high schools has not only deprived students of general background on foreign universities, but has also left them undecided about their major fields of study. He added that a tradition has been "inadvertently" established at high schools, according to which scientific-stream students have engineering or medicine as their ultimate major, while those in the literary stream would like to study English or business administration.

To alleviate such problems as well as many others, the Amman office of America-Mideast Educational and Training Services (Amideast) has been giving information and counselling services to Jordanian students going, or planning to go, to American universities.

"The function of the centre is to provide accurate and viable counselling and information on U.S. universities and the American educational system," said Amideast Director Alain

McNamara. He told the Jordan Times that his institution is working to reach as many students and their parents as possible, to explain to them the procedures at, and nature of, American schools: and colleges.

Amideast propagates this enlightenment on the American educational system through regular sessions and leaflets. "We have a weekly counselling session, during which we go through the whole system in terms of semesters, credit hours and the application process," Mr. McNamara

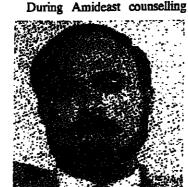
In a typical Amideast counselling session, counsellors give the students materials, and try to learn more about their academic and professional preferences. Students are also lectured on what the U.S. consulate needs to issue a student visa, "but we have no connection with it." Mr. McNamara said. He also added that students are also encouraged to use Amideast's library, microfiche file and catalogues of American col-

When determining the most appropriate subjects of study to advise the students to pursue, Amideast staff review the students' backgrounds and interests, and try to match them with Jordan's needs. While most of the students want to study engineering, they are also encouraged to explore other possible fields, that could better fit the needs of the

Early in the summer, the Ministry of Labour furnished Amideast with a list of the fields in which the Jordan labour market needs specialists. The list includes the following categories: hospital administration, nursing, laboratory technicians, chemical pharmacy, veterinary science, hotel administration, aeronautical

engineering, accountancy, financial analysis, computer science, well-drilling technicians, animal farming, sociological experts specialised in the handicapped. banking, warehouse administration, water engineering, executive services and power engineer-

Accreditation - a must



Lincoln Benedicto

sessions, students are also briefed on the status of American colleges they are applying to. According to Amideast, there are 3,000 accredited two or four-year colleges, seminaries and similar institutions in the United States. But some other colleges are not accredited, and even if a student manages to get a degree from one of them, he would be shocked to learn that his degree is not recognised in Jordan. In the United States, there are

10 accrediting associations, distributed according to geographical location. There are also 40 professional accrediting bodies, distributed according to academic speciality. An example would be the accreditation board of engineering and technology, which evaluates engineering programmes offered at U.S. colleges and universities. Such bodies "are

engineering, maintenance made up of professional people and university faculty members who establish certain standards for the accreditation of any programme," Mr. McNamara said.

> In Jordan, the Ministry of Education has established its own accreditation section to evaluate degrees obtained from foreign countries. The head of the section. Ms. Maisoun Al Khatib, told the Jordan Times that students applying to attend foreign universities or colleges should make sure that their target schools are on the list available at her section. "We have called at several secondary schools to advise the students to check the list of accredited U.S. schools before they make up their minds," Ms. Khatib said.

Amideast also has private counselling sessions, in which the student brings his academic records and credentials for an interview with the counsellor. At the end of the session Amideast, may recommend universities and colleges to which the student should apply. Amideast provides full directions for a student to apply on his own behalf. But in a few cases, if a student is fully qualified for graduate or undergraduate admission in the United States, Amideast will apply on his or her behalf, for a fee, and arrange for admission, providing a special interview report and recommendations to the American institutions.

Predeparture sessions are also held at Amideast, four times a year. During those sessions, students learn about the date they should arrive at their universities and how to notify their foreignstudent advisers there of their arrival dates. They also learn what to take to the United States, and the regulations on baggage and the transfer of cash there.

Amideast has its main office in Washington, which evaluates the

advises the Amman office on

Amideast is not the only place where students can go to get advice on the American academic system, though it is the least profit-oriented. The English Language Service (ELS) office in Amman has long been a magnet for students seeking to attend American universities, as it gets acceptances for students and arranges for their attendance at intensive English programmes in its 23 centres in the United States. ELS Amman Director Erfan Adulbi told the Jordan Times that Student Aid International (SAI), at U.S. colleges depend on the university the student wants to attend, as well as his tawjihi (sec-. dents at American universities. ondary certificate exam) score. According to SAI officials the But ELS will not arrange acceptances for students unless they have a score of at least 70 per cent in the tawjihi, he said.

Unlike Amideast. ELS can get acceptances for students who are planning to attend an intensive English programme rather than go directly to university. In that programme, students get 30 hours of language training. For language and university registration services fees, ELS asks JD 55. It stresses that students should be able to cover all academic expenses in the United States. To make the situation clearer to the students, ELS has drawn up a table of estimated expenses which shows that an academic year in the United States costs an average of \$8,000. The list includes education fees for nine months, food and residence costs for 12 months, summer session fees and transportation and emergency expenses, and gives a minimum total expense of \$7,400, with a maximum of \$12,000.

ELS officials said they also inform the students of the U.S. consulate's visa requirements. They said the requirements - Permanent residence in a stu-

dent's own country, with on intention of abandoning it:

-- Qualification of a bona fide student to pursue a full course of

- Intention to enter the United

applications it receives and in turn States temporarily and solely to pursue a course of study, and

 The awareness that a student has to put study as his ultimate goal, and not depend on work as a source of living.

"The conditions imposed by the U.S. consulate, particularly the requirement of an above-70 tawjihi average, have lessened the number of applicants to American colleges through ELS. Most of them have decided to attend schools in the eastern socialist countries," Mr. Adulbi admitted. Another body concerned with

the U.S. schools and education is the requirements for acceptance a non-profit organisation which grapts full or partial financial aid to qualified but needy Arab stuorganisation provides services in



Alain McNamara three categories: financial assistance, sponsorship and placement and supervision. Financial aid students are assisted with loans to help them complete their higher education. These students must be both academically qualified and financially in need. Sponsorship students are those

who have sponsors who have asked SAI to administer funds for the students, and provide supervision while they are studying at universities and colleges.

Placement students, however, are assisted in getting an acceptance at a university or college, with their parents paying for their expenses. These students receive the same guidance and supervision offered to all SAI students. SAI has its main headquarters in New Jersy, and nine branch offices in the Middle East. The bulk of SAI's budget comes from private parents feel the U.S. consulate is Jordan.

'Heads, not bodies'

Some Jordanian students applying to attend U.S. colleges and universities claim the conditions set by the Amman consulate for getting a visa are "too harsh". But according to U.S. Consul Lincoln Benedicto, the consulate applies a visa-issuance policy that was initiated a long time ago, when there were fewer students going to study in the States. "We want to make sure that we don't send bodies to the States, but heads," Mr. Benedicto said.

The conditions set by the U.S. consulate include an acceptance from an accredited U.S. college or university, financial guarantees factors of which some students that the student will be able to not aware. As a former U.S. cover his own academic and living expenses and a good tawjihi and pre-tawjihi academic record. "We would like to see a student get a 'mosaic. score of not less than 70 per cent in the tawjihi," the U.S. consul said. He explained that consulate officials also review the three years of academic work students had at high school, and compare them with the I-20 form, which should reflect the type of university the student is going to.

The I-20 is the form the student

receives from the U.S. college of university he intends to attend, to enable him to get a visa. Throughout the Middle East, particularly in Iran, I-20 forms have been sold outright to students at high prices. In that case, those I-20 forms would not reflect the type of university the student will join.

Mr. Benedicto added that "at times, the tawjihi is not a true reflection of students' intelligence; but three years of secondary school reflect the student's overall potential." He added that the consulate does not give any consideration to students who want to have a visa on an English language programme's I-20 form, which does not reflect the student's desire to join a university or college. "We will continue to encourage students to get I-20's which reflect the intention of immediate attendance at a college," he added.

He went on to say that some

prejudiced in not issuing vistudents wishing to stren their English language it States," but we would like t students interested in pur major fields of study, rather just undertaking intensive Er programmes." Mr. Bene cited the example of a student had 83.4 per cent in his tawjih had trouble getting a visa, bet his I-20 did not reflect his des. join a university as a full time

The gap of misunderstan between some students and U.S. consulate is mainly due to fact that the requirements obtaining a visa are not preci defined, and they involve m sul in Amman once said, issuit student visa is like put together the tiny pieces o

"I have an acceptance from college in Pennsylvania, but w I presented the I-20 form to U.S. consulate in Amman, I refused a student visa," one danian student said. He told Jordan Times that he had obtained financial guarantees he would be able to cover expenses during his period study. But he failed to realise his 69 per cent tawjihi score co have caused the problem.

For Jordanian students, stu ing in the United States is mainly good opportunity for change. chose the United States because want to be away from my fam and friends and create a self-ma personality," said Iyad Quma who is working to get an acce tance from an American colleg Another student, Usama Jak already left for the United Stat last month. Before going, he sa his stay in America would be good chance for him to g acquainted with the Americand ture and people. Mr. Jabr, wi was a science major at the Ur versity of Jordan, said the fle ibility of the U.S. academic syste was tempting for him. But ! added that he would not have & sorry if he had been denied a vis because he would still have it chance to pursue his studies

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

JORDAN TELEVISION FOR THURSDAY

CHANNEL 3

| 4:30 | Koran |
|--------|--------------------------|
| 4:45 | Cartoon |
| 5:10 | Children's Programme |
| 6:55 | Programme on Youth |
| 7:10 | Local Programme on Roads |
| 8:00 | News in Arabic |
| 8:30 | Arabic Series |
| 9:45 . | Arabic Film |
| 11:00 | News in Arabic |
| 11:10 | Cont. of the Film |
| | |

CHANNEL 6

| 0:UV | French Programme |
|-------|-----------------------|
| | News in French |
| 7:30 | News in Hebrew |
| 8:30 | Comedy: Mork & Mindy |
| | Hart to Hart |
| 10:00 | News in English |
| 10:15 | Movie of the Week |
| | (A Question of Guilt) |
| | |
| | |

FOR FRIDAY

CHANNEL 3

| 11:00 | Children's programme |
|-------|----------------------|
| | Local programme |
| 14:15 | Soccer |
| | Local programme |
| 17:20 | Arabic series |
| 18:20 | Local programme |
| 19:00 | Programme preview |
| 19:15 | Local programme |
| 20:00 | News in Arabic |
| 20:30 | Arabic series |
| 21:30 | Local programme |
| 22:00 | Arabic series |
| | News in Arabic |
| 23:30 | Arabic songs |
| | |

CHANNEL 6

| 6:00 | French Programme |
|--------|------------------|
| 7:00 . | News in French |
| 7:30 | News in Hebrew |
| | Contedy |
| 9:00 , | Crown Court |
| 10:00 | News in English |
| 10:15 | Baretta |
| | |
| | |

RADIO JORDAN

855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz. FM FOR THURSDAY

| • | OIL THOUSDAY |
|-------|-------------------------|
| 7:00 | Sign on |
| 7:01 | Morning Show |
| 7:30 | News Bulletin |
| 7:40 | Morning Show |
| 10:00 | News Summary |
| 10:03 | Pop Session |
| 11:00 | Signing off |
| 12:00 | News Headlines |
| 12:03 | Pop Session |
| 13:00 | News Summary |
| 13:03 | Pop Session |
| 14:00 | News |
| 14:10 | |
| 14:30 | Morecambe and wise show |
| | ADC 31IOM |

16:03 Instrumentals Old Favourites 16:30 . Melody Time .. Pop Šession 18:00 Jordan in Histor 18:03 18:30 Theatre 45 19:00 News Desk Music **Evening Show** 21:03 Evening Show ... Close down

FOR FRIDAY

| 7:01 | Morning Show |
|-------|---------------------|
| | News Bulletin |
| | Morning Show |
| 10:00 | News Summary |
| | Pop Session |
| 11:00 | . Listeners' Choice |
| 1. 9 | News Headlines |
| | Friday Special |
| | News Summary |
| | Pop Session |
| 14:00 | News |
| 14:19 | Instrumentals |
| 14:30 | In Concert |
| | Concert Hour |
| | News Summary |
| | Instrumentals |
| | Old Favourites |
| | Pop Session |
| | News Summary |
| | Top Twenty |
| | News Desk |
| | of Arabian Music |
| | Andalucia |
| ZU:30 | Special Feature |

BBC WORLD SERVICE FOR THURSDAY & FRIDAY 639, 720, 1413 KHz

Jazz Hou

04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Classical Record Review 04:45 Financial News 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 05:30 Music from Scotland 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Nature Notebook 06:40 The Farming World 07:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 Serenade 07:45 Network U.K. 08:00 World News; Reflections 08:15 One in Ten 08:30 John Peel 09:06 World News; British Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:30 Financial News 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 Rock Salad 10:15 Theme and Variations 10:30 My Music 11:00 World News; News about Britain 11:15 Meet... 11:30 Business Matters 12:00 Rad Newsreel 12:15 Top Twenty bSports Round-up 13:00 woitws: 24 Hours News reven 3:30 Network U.K. ged itseasure's Yours 14:30 contine Radio Newsreel

thening o Pact and & 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News: Commentary 16:15 Second Hearing: George Eliot 16:45 The World Today 17:00 World News 17:09 Meridian 17:40 Waveguide 17:45 Sports Round up 18:00 World News: News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Brain of Britain 1981 19:00 Outlook: News Summary: Stock Market Report 19:43 Look Ahead 19:45 Report on Religion 20:00 World News: 24 Hours News Summary 20:30 A Jolly Good Show 21:15 Ulster Newsletter 21:20 In the Meantime 21:30 Business Matters 22:00 World News; The World Today 22:25 Book Choice 22:30 Financia News 22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 World News; Commentary 23:15 Merchant Navy Programme 23:30

SELECTED CHANGES FOR FRIDAY

Off 21:45 Letter from London 23:15 From the Weeklies 23:30 Ralph Richardson reads Blake

VOICE OF AMERICA FOR THURSDAY & FRIDAY

03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, pop music, features, lisquestions. 17:00 News Roundup; reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English; news, feature "The Making of a Nation," 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup; reports, opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English: news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, background features, media comments, analyses.

FOR THURSDAY A

| 9:50 Doha, Bahrair |
|----------------------------------|
| 9:55 Beiru |
| 10:00 Dhahra |
| 10:05 Abu Dhab |
| 10:10 Beiru |
| 11:05 Rivadh (SV |
| 11:40 Cairo (EA |
| 11:45 Rawalpindi (BA |
| 13:35 Lamac |
| 15:35 Kuwait (KAC |
| |
| 16:30 Amsterdam (KLM |
| 16:30Cairo |
| 17:00 Aqaba |
| 17:15 . Chicago, N. York, Vienna |
| 17:25 London (BA |
| 17:30 Amsterdam, Beirut (KLM |
| 17:55 Caire |
| 18:30 Rome |
| 15.20 Cairo (EA |
| 20:09 Beirut (MEA |
| 23:40 Cairo (EA |
| 23:55 Baghdad |
| 01:00 Cairo |
| DED 4 DOM INCC |

04:30 Letter from London 5:30 Off the Beaten Track 06:30 Masters of Interpretation 07:45 Merchant Navy Programme 08:15 The Maid of the Mill 08:30 30-Minute Theatre 10:30 George Eliot 11:25 Ulster Newsletter 12:15 Jazz for the Asking 16:15 Science in Action 17:09 My Music 17:40 The Week in Wales 18:30 Talking about Music 21:00 Network U.K. 21:15 Time

AMMAN AIRPORT

| RRIVALS: | |
|----------------------------|---|
| 45 55 20 30 40 | Cairo (EA) Cairo Cairo Aqaba Damascus Jeddah Kuwait Muscat, Dubai |
| 45 55 20 30 40 | Cairo Aqaba Damascus Jeddah Kuwait |

| DEPARTURES |
|----------------------------------|
| 3:30 Cairo |
| 5:45 Frankfurt (LH) |
| 6:00 . Beirut, Amsterdam (KLM) |
| 7:00 Agaba |
| 7:00 Damascus |
| 7:15 Beirut |
| 8:55 Cairo (EA) |
| 9:00Rome (Alitalia) |
| 9:25 Beirut (MEA) |
| 9:45 Paris (AF) |
| 10:10 Rome |
| 10:30 Lamaca |
| 11:00 . Vienna, N. York, Chicago |
| 11:15 Athens, Madrid |
| 11:20 Tripoli, Tunis 11:30 |
| 11:35 Paris (AF) |
| 11:45 Geneva, Brussels |
| 12:00 London |
| 12:05 Riyadh (SV) |
| 12:20 Frankfurt |
| 12:20 Geneva, Zurich (SR) |
| 12:30 Paris |
| 12:40 Cairo (EA) |
| 12:45 London (BA) |
| 13:00 Cairo |
| 15:00 Aqaba |
| 16:30 Kuwait (KAC) |
| 18:00 Baghdad (IA) |
| 19:20 Dhahran |
| 19:00 Kuwait |
| 19:45 Baghdad |
| 20:00Cairo |
| 20:15 Abu Dhabi, Dubai |
| 20:30 Cairo (EA) |
| 01:00Čairo |
| |

FOR FRIDAY

| ARRIVAL | S: |
|---|--|
| 7:40 8-55 9:40 9:45 10:00 11:40 15:35 | Cairo (EA) Aqaba Kuwait Dubai, Abu Dhabi Dhahran Beirut Cairo (EA) Jeddah, Medina (SV) |
| 16:30 16:45 17:15 . Ho | Cairo Tripoli, Tunis uston, N. York Vienna Kuwait (KAC) |
| | |

Brussels, Geneva 17:40 . Madrid, Athens .. Frankfurt 17:45 17:55 . Cairo London Cairo (EA) Frankfurt (LH) Beirut (MEA) 23:40 .. Cairo (EA) 23:55 DEPARTURES 6:00 . Beirut, Amsterdam (KLM)

| 6:30 Beirut |
|--------------------------------|
| 7:00 Agaba |
| 8:55 Cairo (EA) |
| 9:25 Beirut (MEA) |
| 9:30 London (BA) |
| 11:00 Vienna, N. York, Houston |
| 11:10 Athens, Copenhagen |
| 11:30Cairo |
| 12:00 London |
| 12:40 Cairo |
| 13:00 Cairo |
| 16:35 Medina, Jeddah (SV) |
| 16:45 Tripoli |
| 18:25 Kuwait (KAC) |
| 18:50 Abu Dhabi |
| 19:00 Kuwait |
| 19:15, Rivadh (SV) |
| 19:20 Bahrain, Doha |
| 19:20 Dhahran |
| 19:30 Jeddah |
| 19:45 Baghdad |
| 19:55 Abu Dhabi |
| 20:00 Cairo |
| 20:30 Dubai, Karachi |
| 20:30 Cairo (EA) |
| 23:30 Bachdad |
| 01:00 Cairo (EA) |
| EMERGENCIES |

| FOR THURSDAY |
|--|
| DOCTORS: Amman: Wajih Barakat |
| Irbid: |
| Zarqa: |
| PHARMACIES: Amman: Al Salam 36730 Sameer 61898 Yaish 24425 |
| Irbid: |
| Zarqa: (—) |
| TAXIS: Verticia 44584 AFNajah 23039 Sports City 63273 Khaldoun 62315 |

TAXIS:

Al Rasheid

Al Sahra ..

CULTURAL CENTRES

American Centre

| FOR FRIDAY DOCTORS: | British Council |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| PHARMACIES: | 843555/843666 |
| Amman: | |
| Al Salam 36730 | PRAYER TIMES |
| Ourtaba | - 10011 - 1100-0 |
| Halah | FOR THURSDAY |
| Khalaf | |
| 144444 1 | Fajr 3:58 |
| Zarga: | Sunrise 5:22 |
| Al Itihad (—) | Dhuhr 11:31 |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | 'Asr 3:02 |
| | Machesh 5:39 |

73791

37249

22023

61001

21200

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 Thursday at the Intercontinents Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1:30 p.m.

LOCAL **EXCHANGE RATES**

| Lebanese pound . | 72 <i>.5/</i> 73.3 |
|------------------|--------------------|
| Syrian pound | 56.9/57.4 |
| Iraqi dinar | 715/725.3 |
| Constitution | 1104 401003 |
| Kuwaiti dinar | . 1100.0/1170.2 |
| Egyptian pound | 371.7/381.0 |
| Qatari riyal | 92.4/92.8 |
| UAE dirham | 91.6/92.4 |
| Omani riyal | 970.8/976.7 |
| U.S. dollar | 333/335 |
| U.K. sterling | 617 7/616.1 |
| U.K. Stering | ULZ.//UXU.T |
| W. German mark | 143.1/144 |
| Swiss franc | 166.7/167.7 |
| Italian lire | |
| (for every 100) | 28 2178 4 |
| (TOL SASTA TOO) | |
| French franc | 59.00U |
| Dutch guilder | 129.1/129.9 |
| Swedish crown | 59,1/59,5 |
| Owcord Court | 07 0197 3 |
| Belgium franc | "" O ('OLU 1 '') |
| Jananese ven | |
| (for every 100) | 146/146.9 |
| (-or over) 100) | Jan |

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

| Ambulance (government) | 75111 |
|--|-------|
| Civil Defence rescue | |
| Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) 36 | 381-2 |
| Municipal water service (emergency) 37 | 111-3 |
| Police headquarters | |
| Najdeh roving patrol rescue police, (English spo | oken) |
| 24 hours a day for emergency 21111, | 37777 |
| Airport information (ALIA) 92205/ | 92206 |
| Jordan Television | |
| Radio Jordan | 74111 |
| | - |

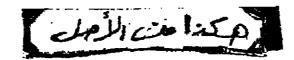
| Information Jordan and Middle East trunk cells Overseas radio and satellite calls | rite headqu | . police arters or telegram , | 7 |
|---|--------------|-------------------------------------|------|
| Jordan and Middle East trunk calls | Telephone: | | |
| Jordan and Middle East trunk calls | Information | | |
| | Jordan and I | Middle East trunk calls | •••• |

MARKET PRICES

Sweet Pepper

| Tomatoes90 | 60 |
|----------------------|-----|
| Eggplant200 | 160 |
| Potatoes (imported) | 100 |
| Marrow (small)220 | 150 |
| Marrow (large) 120 | 80 |
| Cucumber (small) 240 | 180 |
| Cucumber (large) 150 | 100 |
| Faqqous110 | 80 |
| Peas | 250 |
| Okra (Green)300 | 220 |
| Okra (Red) 300 | 220 |
| Muloukhiyah , | 80 |
| Hot Green Pepper 180 | 120 |
| Cabbage110 | 70 |
| Onions (dry) 110 | 80 |
| Garlic 700 | 600 |
| Carrots 130 | 90 |
| Beans 300 | 200 |
| Quince 180 | 100 |
| Guara 200 | 260 |

| Apples (Green) | 340 |
|--|--------------------------|
| Apples (Red) | 300 |
| Apples (local) | 160 |
| Apples (Golden) | 190 |
| Apples (Starken) | 190 |
| Apples (Golden) | '80 |
| Water Meions | XU |
| Plums (Red) | 230 |
| Lemons | 180 |
| | |
| Oranges (Valencia, Waxed) | 210 |
| Oranges (Valencia, Waxed) | 210 250 |
| Oranges (Valencia, Waxed) Grapes Fies | 210 250 300 |
| - annen rement rement beite derte person retide in birterafen beite. | 300 |
| Peach | 430 |
| Pears | 300 430 480 |
| Pears Pomegranates | 300 430 480 150 |
| Peach Pears Pomogranates Cauliflowers | 430 480 150 |
| Pears Pomegranates | 430 480 150 |



. 37312



ATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

JD 3 million post office project

VIAN, Sept. 16 (Petra) - The Ministry of Communications sarmarked JD 3 million project aimed at upgrading postal ces. The project entails the construction of a new multistorey ling to house the central post office, to be supplied with up to equipment. The building is to be set up on a 12-dunum tract

Transport aide sees Urwick

dAN. Sept. 16 (Petra) — Under-Secretary of Transport em Al Taher conferred at his office today with British assador to Jordan Alan Urwick. They discussed cooperation een Jordan and Britain in rail transport.

UNRWA chief leaves Amman

AAN, Sept. 16 (J.T.) — The commissioner general of the did Nations Relief and Work Agency for Palestine gees (UNRWA), Mr. Olof Rydbeck, left Amman for the Bank today at the end of a two-day visit. During the visit he with senior government officials to discuss matters connected UNRWA's services to the refugees. Mr. Rydbeck's visit to in was in the course of a tour he is making of Arab states ng Palestinian refugees to look into the agency's services, to submitting a report to the U.N. General Assembly in New

Karak photo exhibition planned

AK, Sept. 16 (Petra) — A two-day exhibition of photois depicting the successes of the Iraqi army in its war with will open in Karak on Sunday. The president of the Karak ral and sports club said that the exhibition, to be mounted at ab in cooperation with the Iraqi press office in Amman, will first anniversary of the Iraq-Iran war.

EA men depart for training course

IAN, Sept. 16 (Petra) - Mr. Awad Al Zırbi of the Jordan ricity Authority (JEA) left for Cyprus today to take part in a ng course on office management and computer services will begin tomorrow. The course will help the JEA to op the services of its computerised systems, a JEA spokessaid. Meanwhile, the JEA has dispatched Engineer Fawzi pat from its planning department to Britain to take part in a -month seminar of specialists from developing nations. The uar, to start at Bradford University tomorrow, is for orienting participants on ways of assessing feasibility studies on mic and development projects.

lauritanian envoy sees CAEU chief

IAN, Sept. 16 (Petra) - Mauritanian Ambassador to Jor-Mohammad Mahmoud Ould Widadi today called at the scil of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) and conferred with its ry general, Dr. Fakhri Qaddouri. They reviewed the Us activities in 1981, and the ambassador voiced his tion for the CAECP's assistance in developing statistics ms in his country. They also discussed the CAEUs conion in the building of railroads in Mauritania by arranging from Arab economic funds.

----and transport union board to meet

IAN, Sept. 16 (Petra) — The Amman-based Arab Union of Transport (AULT) board will hold its seventh meeting in on Sept. 23 to study plans for the future plans review the mentation of the latest plan. Participants in the three-day ing will also discuss a research project dealing with organnal aspects of the transport industry, AULT Secretary Gen-Abdullah Dumour said. He added the AULT's 1982 budget e reviewed during the meeting. Mr. Dumour will leave for recting on Saturday.

EW Jerash teachers' housing planned

SH, Sept. 16 (Petra) — The departments of education and ratives in Jerash today agreed to carry out housing projects achers in Jerash District. A joint committee has been set up k a suitable plot of land for the project and to work out sary arrangements with the teachers and concerned departs. Teachers wishing to participate have been asked to make itial payment of JD 200.

Zarqa area plan formulated

QA, Sept. 16 (Petra) — The regional planning committee in a has prepared a working paper for the organisation of the aid its suburbs, Zarqa District Governor Salem Al Qudah oday. He said that the paper will be discussed by the come at a meeting to be held on Sept. 27. The committee commayors of municipalities in Zarqa District and directors of mment departments.

trab banks' technical panel to meet

AAN, Sept. 16 (Petra) - The Central Bank will take part in a ical committee meeting of the council of Arab central bank mors which will be held in Abu Dhabi in December. During neeting, expected to last several days, the committee will ss a proposal by the Arab Monetary Fund connected with an ment on settling payments among Arab countries.

WSC brings water to villages

RAQ, Sept. 16 (Petra) — The Water Supply Corporation C) has started constructing a water-pipe network for the se of Thaghrat Al Jib in Mairaq District. The project, which is cted to cost JD 10,000, entails the laying of three kilometres pes. The WSC plans to carry out similar projects during this thin Manshiyet Bani Hassan, Arhaba, Al Rahba and Sa'adeh total cost of JD 20,000.

World Food Day panel to meet

MAN, Sept. 16 (Petra) — The national committee on the id Food Day will hold meetings at the end of this month under ier-Secretary of Agriculture Salem Al Lawzi. The committee discuss the steps which will be taken on the occasion of World d Day, which will take place on Oct. 16. It will also take up ral questions related to the supply, quality and price of food. committee includes delegates from the ministries of agricul-, transport and health, the Agricultural Credit Organisation the University of Jordan.

Eleven must pay JD 50

IMAN, Sept. 16 (Petra) - Eleven Jordanian merchants have n fined JD 50 each by the military court for violating Ministry supply regulations. The military governor today endorsed the

Russian ballet troupe arrives

By Waqqas Tal Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Sept. 16, — The Moscow Academic Musical Theatre troupe arrived in Amman today on a visit to Jordan at the invitation of the Department of Culture and Arts. During the visit the troupe will present three ballet performances at the Palace of Culture in Al Hussein Youth City.

Upon their arrival here the troupe's members visited Al Hussein Youth City and met with its director, Mr. Isam Araida, to discuss the details of their programmes, which will be held at 8 p.m. on Thursday, Saturday and Sunday, Sept. 17, 19 and 20.

The 85-member troupe includes 35 female and 30 male dancers along with a support team, according to Mr. Yuri Bribegin, the troupe's leader. The troupe, he added, includes four members who have won international competitions in Tokyo, Moscow, Paris and Varna. These are: Vadim Tedeif, Vladimir Kirillow, Michael Krapivin and Margareta Tradesdova.

The troupe is touring the Mid-

City service projects said to be half completed

AMMAN, Sept. 16 (Petra) - The director of the project for the beautification of Amman, Mr. Michel Qarrah, has announced that half of the required work on the project to modernise city services, including the laying of new pipelines for drinking water and sewage, and electricity and communications cables, has been completed.

Amman Mayor Issam Ajlouni will made an inspection tour on Thursday to get acquainted with the progress made and the problems standing in the way of implementation.

Meanwhile, the Public Security Directorate has submitted several proposals to the Interior Ministry to curb road accidents.

The proposals include the formation of a higher council for road safety to undertake the collection of data on the causes of accidents. and to find ways of dealing with them through the responsible authorities.

The replacement of passenger cars by buses in downtown Amman is also proposed, as is finding garages for the vehicles which have become scattered around the southern entrance of the capital after they were removed from Al Sharq Al Awsat garage area without finding an alternative place for them.

AMMAN, Sept. 16 (Petra) — A

scientific seminar on the use of

case studies in administrative

training ended at the Arab Organ-

isation of Administrative Sciences

Twenty-one participants from

13 Arab states took part in the

two-week seminar, during which

they were oriented on skills needed in writing administrative

case studies and on modern

theories of training and training

AOAS Director General

Abdullah Al Zu bi and the direc-

tor of the administrative sciences

academy in Sudan, Dr. Hassan

Abshar, addressed the closing ses-

AOID delegation

AMMAN, Sept. 16 (Petra) —

Jordan's delegation to the meeting of the Arab Organisation of

Industrial Development (AOID)

returned to Amman today after

participating in the organisation's regular session, which concluded

Participants in the two-day

meeting approved the establ-

ishment of an AOID branch office

in Algeria and a regional packing

centre in Morocco. They also

called for support to industrial

projects in the Arab World and in

the occupied West Bank in order

to counter Zionist measures to

cripple the Palestinian economy,

as well as support for Samed, the

Palestine Liberation Organ-

isation's industrial concern, which

employs the sons of Palestinian

in Baghdad yesterday.

back from Iraq

(AOAS) today.

methods.

Case studies seminar ends

dle East region for the first time, though some of its members had visited it some time ago, he said. The troupe is happy to visit Jordan and meet with its people, and

hopes to be able to tour the country's archaeological sites, Mr. Bribegin said.

According to Alexi Chichinadze, chief choreographer, Thursday's performance will include Act II of the ballet Swan Lake", and the audience will also be treated to a ballet to the music of Aram Khachaturian.

"We look forward to per-forming for the Jordanian public, and hope to impress our audiences with the beauty of the Russian ballet," Mr. Chichinadze said.

panel meets AMMAN. Sept. 16 (Petra) - The Jordanian-Palestinian Committee for Supporting the Steadfastness

Jordan-PLO

of the People of the Occupied Arab Territories held two meetings today to discuss projects for

Economic, agricultural, health and public services projects would be implemented through local municipal or village councils. cooperative societies and other national institutions in the West

The Jordanian side at the talks was headed by Minister of Occupied Territories Affairs Hassan Ibrahim and the Palestinian side by Mr. Hamed Abu Sitta, member of the Palestine Liberation Organisation's executive committee. No other details were

Zaben due in France

AMMAN, Sept. 16 (Petra) -Communications Minister Mohammad Addoub Al Zaben will leave for Paris tomorrow at the head of a Jordanian delegation, at the invitation of the French communications ministry.

Dr. Zaben said that his talks in France will cover the possibility of increasing France's financial commitment so as to cover further projects undertaken by the Telecommunications Corporation (TCC). The TCC's five-year plan provides for carrying out projects estimated to cost JD 106 million.

On the eve of his visit, Dr. Zaben said that he will also attend a ceremony to inaugurate electronic telephone exchanges built by the French telecommunications corporation. These exchanges are similar to

those to be installed in Jordan by a French firm in accordance with a Franco-Jordanian protocol signed on March 17 last year, the minister said.



AMMAN, Sept. 16 (Petra) — The board of the Arab Investment Company will hold its 33rd meeting in Amman on Saturday to discuss progress on 20 Arab projects

which it can participate in the

in which the company holds

shares, and to review projects in

The Riyadh-based company, established in 1974 with a \$300 million capital, currently holds shares in the Jordan Petroleum Refineries Company, the Jordan Glass Factories Company, the Arab Jordan Investment Bank

The participants, he added, also

stressed the need for a firm Arab

stand towards firms which coop-

erate with Israeli companies in

violation of Arab office for the

boycott of Israel regulations. They

also approved a draft agreement

on cooperation between Arab

chambers of commerce, industry

and agriculture and French cham-

bers. Mr. Husseini said.

and the Paper and Carton Factory Сопрапу.

Among the subjects to be discussed is the possibility of increasing the company's participation in the capital of development projects in Jordan, company sources

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November confab set on development follow-up

Riot control officers graduate

AMMAN, Sept. 16 (Petra) - A class of police officers specialised

in law enforcement and riot control graduated today at the Royal

Police College. The participants in the two-week training course

included a number of police officers from Bahrain and Iraq. They

were trained on the control of rioting and the use of firearms.

Brig. Bassam Al Humod of the Public Security Directorate, who

stood in for the directorate's director, made a speech on the occa-

sion and distributed diplomas and prizes to the graduates.

AMMAN, Sept. 16 (Petra) - The Amman Chamber of Industry will hold a meeting in November to discuss the implementation of the resolutions of a seminar on the role of the private sector in promoting economic and social development in Jordan which was held in Amman last September under the chairmanship of His Royal Highness Crown Prince

The Chamber of Industry has requested proprietors of industrial businesses in Jordan to provide it with proposals connected with subjects on the agenda. Deputy Director Bandar Al Tabba said. Among last September's resol-

sion, and Dr. Zubi later dis-

tributed certificates to the par-

ticipants.

meetings between representatives of the public and private sectors to look into ways of solving the country's social and economic prob-

utions is one that calls for periodic

FJCC head back from Arab groups meeting

AMMAN, Sept. 16 (Petra) -Federation of Jordanian Chambers of Commerce (FJCC) Secretary General Amin Al Husseini returned to Amman today after representing the FJCC at the 54th meeting of the Arab federation of chambers of industry, commerce and agriculture in Somalia.

During the five-day meeting, participants discussed the establishment of an Arab chamber in Moscow and reviewed the condition of such chambers in West Germany, Greece, and India, Mr. Husseini said

WHAT'S GOING ON

Alia Art Gallery

Invites all to see its permanent exhibition of paintings, sculptures, etchings, lithographs, ceramics and calligraphy. Open daily except Fridays from 10 a.m. - 1 p.m. and from 4 p.m. - 7 p.m.

Little League Soccer

The league reminds its team members to be at the ACS field on Friday at 9 a.m. in uniform. Team mothers will be calling in with more information.

Film

The French Cultural Centre will present a comedy by Jean Renoir, "Elena et les hommes," from Friday Sept. 18 till Sunday Sept. 20 at the centre in Jabal Luweibdeh at 7:30 p.m.

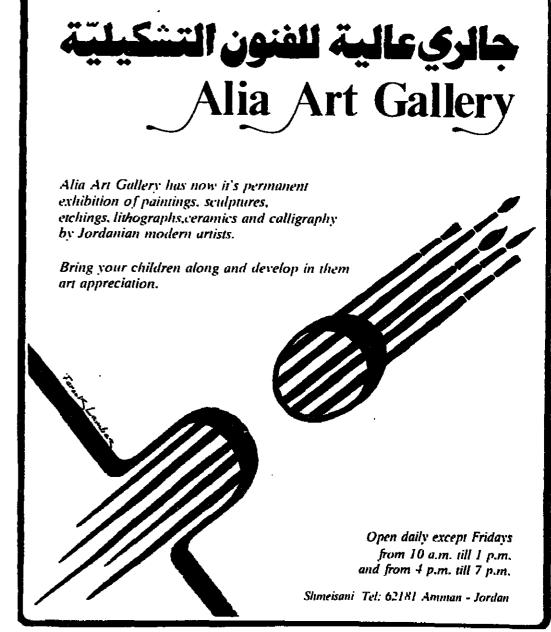
ARE YOU...

Staging a play? Putting on a concert? Delivering a lecture? Organising any non-profit activity open to the

Do you have any kind of event to announce to the Jordan Times' readers? The What's Going On listing is always open to receive entries, preferably written ones, in English or Arabic... free of charge.

Entries should be received at the Jordan Times office, by hand or by mail, at least 24 hours before the scheduled event.

Let us know!





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Cause and effect

ONE OF the more bizarre aspects of the new "strategic relationship" between the United States and Israel is that it will foster precisely the thing that it claims to counter - Soviet penetration into the Middle East. There have been enough signs recently to indicate that the Soviets are in any case making inroads into the Arab World and the Middle East via such states as Syria, Libya, South Yemen and Ethiopia. This phenomenon in itself has been inspired in large part by the convenience of pointing to the American-Israeli menace as the reason for some Arab states to move closer to the Soviet Union.

The immediate response of the Arabs to the latest development in American-Israeli cooperation has been to see the move as a serious threat to the stability of the area. The argument that the new move will help defend the interests of so-called "moderate" Arab states is preposterous -- and it would be funny, were it not so serious. The moderate Arabs are threatened not by Soviet intentions, but rather by indigenous radicalism that is fuelled first and foremost by the lingering sore of the unresolved Palestinian issue. The American-Israeli move into a strategic relationship in the military field will aggravate this sore and simultaneously provide selected Arab states with even more convincing reason to form their own "strategic" relationships with the Soviet Union. The ultimate and logical result of such a pattern would be the grotesque polarisation of the Middle East into pro-American and pro-Soviet camps. The sheer intensity of the aggressive aspects of the American-Israeli relationship will ensure that the Soviets will pick up more friends and clients in the Arab World than they would otherwise have done. Far from countering Soviet moves into the Middle East, the latest development will probably enhance the Soviet Union's ability to develop closer links in the region.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

It is Zionist terrorism

AL RA'L: Zionist quarters that perpetrated the criminal attack on Italian tourists in Jerusalem last week-end have proved unsuccessful in their attempts to conceal their responsibility, or in blaming it on the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

The explosive charge used in the attack has been found to be of the type used by Israel's army, which prompted Israeli investigators to claim that they could not identify those responsible.

The Zionists made a similar claim following the assassination attempts on the mayors of Nablus and Ramallah last year. This is natural since a suspect can not incriminate himself.

By blaming the PLO for the attack on the Italian tourists, the Zionists had hoped to mar relations between the Italian and the Palestinian peoples, seemingly unaware of the fact that even the 'perfect crime' is something that is impossible to achieve; and in

this case, the bomb shrapnel gave the Zionists away. The Zionist terrorist mentality is depicted in the numerous crimes committed by Menachem Begin and his Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir, in addition to many others of their notorious colleagues. These actions can only underline Austrian Chancellor

Bruno Kreisky's description of Israel as being a Nazi state. The Palestinians who had borne the bitter sufferings at the hand of the Zionists, and the Arabs who had been victims of Israel's acts of aggression, sympathise deeply with the Italian tourists and their families. However, the feeling of sympathy alone should not be the end of the affair, but should usher in an awakening in Europe to the Zionist crimes. By witnessing the truth about Zionist terrorism, it is hoped that the Europeans will display further support for the Palestinians and their rights, and will act towards stemming all forms of Israeli terrorism.

Seeking support of General Assembly

AL DUSTOUR: The U.N. General Assembly opens its 36th session in New York today to discuss an assortment of issues, and to try to resolve conflicts which threaten world peace and security. It is natural for the Middle East problem to be among the topics on the assembly's agenda which also includes Israel's air raid on

the Iraqi nuclear plant, Namibia and the North-South dialogue

The Arabs should not let this opportunity pass by without achieving some concrete progress in gaining further support from the world body for ending the Arab-Israeli conflict and lifting the injustice caused to the Palestinian people. The Arab countries are called upon to adopt a unified stand during the assembly's deliberations, or at the level of private consultations with leading delegates, to attain that goal. Israel's practices in the occupied Arab territories, its acts of terrorism and its aggression on the Arab countries are bound to be condemned again. The Arabs' efforts should help pave the way for more serious and drastic U.N. action against Israel. They should also aim to introduce an amendment to the U.N. Security Council resolution No 242, clearly defining the Palestinian people's rights and recognising the PLO as an essential partner in the peace-making process.

The grave situation that resulted from the U.S.-Israeli strategic cooperation agreement leaves no room for further indifference on the part of friendly nations. It is time for such nations and the world community at large to stand firm in the face of Israel's arrogance and violations, and force it to comply with the international will and end its terrorist and racial policies.

RED & BLACK

The Jordanian economy is healthy

ONCE upon a time a cliche describing the Jordanian economy was in popular usage among economists from Jordan and abroad. The said cliche was to the effect that the Jordanian economy is sensitive to external influences, and that its health in a given year depended largely on the amount of rain fall.

That was true in the fifties, the sixties and probably up until the mid-seventies. Since then however, the fluctuations within the Jordanian economy have been more and more moved by internal causes. This kind of proposition is too serious to be arrived at by simple reading of indicators. A more sophisticated analysis depending on complicated simultaneous equations' models is required -- some may think. However, it is more the direction, rather than the magnitude, with which I am con-

The sources of fluctuations or business cycles within the Jordanian economy, in my own judgement, are government expenditures, labour mobility and other labour-related factors, private sector investments and planned investment, construction activity, and last is the money supply.

Government expenditures have been increasing astronomically over the last five years. In 1981, total budget allocations and expenditures of semi-government institutions are expected to exceed JD 835 million. If we add 10 per cent to that, the 1982 figure will jump over the JD 1 billion mark. Although more than 50 per cent of the total expenditures come from external resources, the net effect of this expenditure is still internal, because what also matters is the way these monies are spent. There is reason to believe that Jordan is judici-

ously spending that money as is testified by the practical satisfaction of creditors and donors. The increase in capital and development expenditures is keeping ahead of the increase in current expenditures. This is happening despite the current expenditure generation made by the increase in capital and development expenditures.

Labour mobility in Jordan is very high whether measured on sectoral, external-internal or mural-urban levels. This is creating clogs and bottlenecks across the board while commensurately creating very healthy responses. The rise in the number of community colleges, the expansion in vocational training, the increased efficiency in capital usage, the increased number of women entering the labour force, the better use of holidays, etc are all signs of economic health. Yet, the pace of change

in the labour market is causing ups and downs in the wage structure, which in turn spill over to other sectors. It must be emphasised that labour mobility in Jordan is temporary; and the expected increase in the supply over the coming few years will tend to stabilise the labour market.

The private sector actual and planned investments are also a source of fluctuation. The size able investments of the private sector whether in real or speculative ventures colour the total economy. The total annual capital formation of the private sector is almost equal to 18 per cent of Gross Domestic Product (GDP). Such a high rate necessarily internalises business fluctuations.

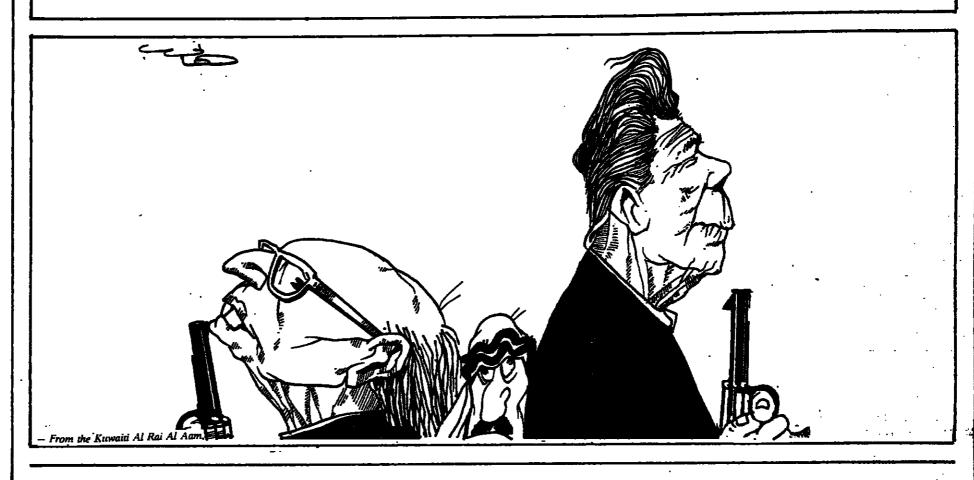
Construction activity in Jordan is singled out as a sector for analytical clarity although it may be sub-divided under govemment and private sector

expenditures. The size of, and the situation within, the construction activity also dampen or revive the general economic performance. Construction is, to a great deal, a domestic deci-

By Jawad Ahmad

Money supply in Jordan is supposed to be affected by, and not affect, economic activity. This is also an outmoded fact. Now, with the expansion in money supply and the heterogeneity of institutions and instruments, money supply affects economic activity as

If we are moving closely to the world of more internal fluctuations we are politically becoming more immune from external influences. May be. But we certainly are getting closer, especially that we are "waging" peace-in Jordan. This should make us worthy of all the respect that is otherwise poured on our warmongering foes.



Checking terrorism at a cost...

By David Storey

ANKARA - Among the documents covering the desk of a senior figure in Turkey's military administration is a newlypublished book in English tracing international terrorist links.

"Terrorism in Turkey cannot be isolated," said the officer, who has acted as a senior spokesman for the junta. "As long as there is terror in the world there will be part of it in every country."

His words reflected a general view among Turkey's military rulers, now marking the end of their first year in power, that simply catching terrorists goes no further towards solving their country's basic problems than the picking of leaves kills a weed.

The 12-month campaign by the security forces against the violent factions that edged Turkey towards civil war before the coup has been regarded as successful by many Turks.

'Quite simply, we can now walk safely in the streets, day or night. We are not in constant fear of being killed as we were," said a left-wing state employee who has little natural sympathy for military

Prime Minister Bulend Ulusu has confidently declared: "Peace and security ... have been restored."

The junta can reel off a catalogue of statistics which, it claims, records the success of its campaign against violent political groups, whose deadly operations went on virtually unchecked under successive civilian governments.

Before the coup an average of more than 20 people a day were being killed in shootings and bombings every day. Since September 12 last year the rate has been less than two a day, most of them militants killed in clashes with security forces.

But the generals know that however successful the crackdown has been, if they are to lay foundations for a lasting peace in the country they must eliminate conditions which laid Turkey open to the fratricidal conflicts of the last

Exploitation of economic and political strains by foreign powers s one element the generals say they would like to eliminate.

Such links have been widely reported during the investigation and trials of militants. In Ankara, at the trial of ex-

colonel Aplasian Turkes, a former deputy prime minister, on charges of trying to overthrow the state by force, the indictment detailed links between his party and ex-

But most concern has been aroused by ties between left-wing movements and the communist bloc. military sources said. The Ankara martial law command said it had traced links bet-

Nazis in West Germany.

ween that banned, but still active, Turkish Communist Party and what it called 'a foreign power,' which was organising its affairs and to which it passed government

Right-wing papers identified the foreign power as Moscow. Hundreds of Communist Party activists are now in detention.

Official sources said weapons for both the political left and right have been smuggled in mainly through Syria and Bulgaria.

The suppliers of the weapons, which originate in western and communist arms factories, have not been identified. But head of state Gen. Kenan Evren has openly accused communist powers of interference.

"There is a general feeling among my colleagues that the Russians are behind international terrorism," said a senior officer close to the top military administration recently.

Such uninhibited official finger-pointing is rare - Turkey enjoys considerable trade with industrial projects.

But the generals of this NATO state, which has a 610 km (380 mile) border with the Soviet Union and a 269 km (168 mile) frontier with Bulgaria, are apprehensive of possible communist subversion.

As the military turns its attention now to creating domestic conditions that will deter any future foreign influence they can look back on a 12-month record of rooting out terrorist gangs and bringing their alleged leaders to court.

The statistics that spokesmen like to quote most is that more than 730,000 weapons have been seized or handed in since the coup. "It is possible to meet the needs of an army with these weapons," Prime Minister Ulusu told a recent press conference.

Almost 75,000 men and women, most of them in their teens and early 20s, were detained during the year and 24,000 of them charged with political and criminal offences.

The immediate effect of the ruthless use of extensive martial law powers was shown best by one statistic: in the week before thecoup 99 people were killed in political violence, but in the week after just four deaths were

As far as the average Turk on communist states and the Soviet the street is concerned, the price Union has a stake in important for every-day security has been

In a society are strong and social contacts extensive almost everyone has a relative or acquaintance who has been detained at some time.

Ten men, two rightists and eight leftists, have been hanged in the first resort to capital punishment since a previous period of military control in Turkey in 1972.

Some democratic West European voices have been raised in response to allegations of brutality by the security forces against detainees. Amnesty International has described torture in Turkish jails as widespread and systematic.

About a dozen people have been reported to have died in custody, some after falling from upper-storey windows of police stations and others after being severely beaten.

But Turks themselves, though condemning the maltreatment of prisoners, say there has been nothing particularly unusual about the rough treatment of detainees in the last year.

Ex-Prime Minister Bulent Ecevit wrote that torture by security forces was 'traditional and stemmed from inadequate train-

Mexico seeks its next monarch

By William Chislett

MEXICO CITY: Sr Jose Lopez Portillo, the president of Mexico. is casting round for an heir. He will name him by the end of the year, and the new president will take office in December 1982 after elections next July which are expected to be a formality.

The succession is now being obsessively discussed in Mexico because the destiny of the world's fourth largest oil producer, with a population of 70 million, depends to a large extent on one man -- and the political system does not allow a president to serve more than one

A Mexican president rules like a benevolent dictator during his term. He controls the legislature, the judiciary, the bureaucracy and is commander in chief of the

Every six years, however, there is a change. The one cardinal rule

the president respects is to name a successor, bow out gracefully and keep his mouth shut. The arrangement prevents power accruing indefinitely to one individual, and encourages political mobility.

The succession takes place under the aegis of the paradoxically-named Institutional Revolutionary Party (PRI), which is more a political bureaucracy than a party and has controlled the country's "one-party democracy" for 52 years.

This time round, however, the PRI faces some competition. Political reform introduced in 1979 allows the left to contest elections for the first time.

Last month, after four years of protracted discussions, the five major parties of the splintered left, including the Communists, agreed to bury their differences

and form a new party for the 1982 presidential and general elections. The right wing National Action Party will also field a presidential candidate. In a country where it is esti-

mated that the richest 20 per cent of households receive about 57 per cent of the national income and the poorest 20 per cent less than 3 per cent, the united Mexican Left has the potential to attract a lot of votes. The PRI has long spoken in the name of the poor, but answered the bidding of the rich.

· However, nobody doubts that the PRI will sweep the board next year. The party has only lost a handful of elections at national and municipal level since it wasformed, and next July's polls will mainly ensure that the forms of democracy are respected.

But ask any Mexican how the

presidential succession work and you will be met with a shrug of the shoulders, or a treatise on the theory of power in Mexico. The PRI declares no presidential candidates and anyone who campaigns for the job automatically fails to win it.

A strange ritual is, therefore, being played out behind closed doors which baffles foreigners and Mexicans alike. The system of election is comparable to that used by the British Conservative Party before it changed to direct voting for a new leader: the leader 'emerges".

Ultimately the decision rests with the president, who consults with the political elite, which has grown up over the years. Since the succession is shrouded in mystery. speculation flourishes.

The main headache for the next president is perceived to be more

political than economic. The economy, which is expanding at nearly 7 per cent this year for the fourth consecutive year, is strain-ing the established political sys-

The man most widely expected to become the next president, Sr Jorge de la Vega Dominguez, the commerce minister, fits this bill. Aged 50, he has been governor of a poor state, and so knows the inner workings of the political sys-

Sr Pedro Ojeda Paullada, aged 47, the labour minister, is also tipped for the presidency. He was attorney general in the last government. Sr Miguel de la Madrid Huerta, aged 46, the planning minister, and Sr Javier Garcia Paniagua, the head of the PRI, are

other possible successors. Sr Lopez Portillo is expected to announce his successor soon after the North-South summit meeting of 22 world leaders in Mexico next month. His power will then wane and all eyes will be on the new

a. Financial Times news feature

Into Arah

By Bernd Debusanan

DUBOUTI, - Oil-rich Arab states from Libya to Saudi Arabia are engaged in a quiet campaign to lock Diibouti firmly into the Arab orbit and lessen its dependence on France, the former colonial power in this strategic territory.

At the same time, Djibouti is becoming an increasingly important port of call for American warships and last year, for the first time. U.S. naval vessels refuelling here outnumbered warships from

According to Saleh Kamra, a senior port official, 62 U.S. warships used Djibouti's deep-water port in 1980, compared with 60 from France, A majority of the 88 naval vessels which bunkered at Djibouti in the first five mouths of this year (compared with 50 in the same period in 1980) were Ameri-

Situated on the western shore of the Bab El-Mandeb the 17-mile (27-km) strait which links the Red Sea and the Indian Ocean, Djibouti is of prime importance for the security of one of the world's busiest oil routes.

"We matter because of where we are," said a civil ser-vant here. "The aid we get to build up our country is because of its location."

In the four years since Dib. outi gained independence after more than a century of French rule, Saudi Arabia has emerged as the country's most important financial backer. after France. The Saudis have so far given more than \$60 ml lion for a variety of development projects.

Iraq last year pledged another \$60 million but none of it has yet been disbursed The list of Arab countries aiding Djibouti also includes Kuwait, Qatar, the United Arab Emirates, and Libra. Eight of the 13 embissies proportion clearly refleting Djibouti's importance in Amb

But Arab diplomats in this sun-scorched country wedged between Somalia and Ethiopa are clearly concerned over what they see as France's cultural domination over its

former colony. Djibouti is the smallest and most recent member of the 21-nation Arab League, having joined soon after independence on June 27, 1977. Arabic was made an official

language alongside French. Yet, less than 10 per cent of Djibouti's population of about 300,000 are ethnic Arabs. Estimates of those who both speak and write Arabic well range from 3,000 to 7,000.

According to diplomats here, President Hassan Ghouled himself speaks Arabic so haltingly that he has now begun taking lessons to ease communication with his fellow leaders in the Arab Lea-

The language of instruction at state-run schools is French and French teachers make up at least two-thirds of the entire teaching staff. Recently Arabic was added to the primary school curriculum as a foreign language with one hour per day taught from the lifth year.

But neither of the two languages appears capable of serving as a link between Djibout's major ethnic groups. Djibomi television broadcasts news in four versions: in Afar, Somali, Arabic and French.

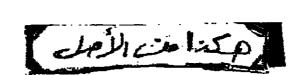
There has never been a cest

sus in Djibouti but according to French estimates, about 35 per cent of the population belong to the Afar tribe, and 40 per cent to the Somali-speaking issas. The remainder is made up of Somalis and Arabs of Yemeni origin. "A common language is an

important tool in developing sense of nationhood," said # U.N. official here, "But how many people here regard themselves as Djiboutians rather than as Afars, Issas or Somalis is open to conjectute.

"Ending the French cultural domination here is a long process," said the Libyan ambasrador. "It will take no less than 20 years. But in the long 100. Arabic will spread and become the language of all".

But the Arabs face an uphill struggle in their effort to win the hearts and minds of the people of Djibouti.



بكذا من الأمل

Region's airlines eye growing network

By Louise Denver

airlines are facing: crippling infla-HAIRMEN of five Arab tion, soaring operating costs and met in Kuwait last week at fluctuating exchange rates. In addition to these, Gulf Air has he few international airline nces not overshadowed by individual problems where a large ig losses suffered in the proportion of its revenue is won y this year. Gulf Air, from on-line stations with restr-Airways, Saudia, Alia and ictions on transferring the money East Airlines (MEA) and from sales to dollars. For instance one major destination, Bombay, t a rare optimism to the nce table at their Arab Air requires a complicated system of s meeting (AACO). tax returns and controls before A has just announced allowing Gulf Air's rupees to be es to combat worldwide exchanged into dollars. This эл by expanding its netmeans that interest from

conditions that all international

and Gulf Air is optimistic thousands of dollars is denied the will be one of the few airairline for up to six weeks after every sale. make a profit this year. "Because of these restrictions alf Air's Manager of Finan-Jairs Hassan Juma: "We on transfers of money, not only cked up remarkably after a from India, but from Cairo, or start to 1981 and are Karachi and our other Far East ly improving, so that we destinations, I am always suffering or reach 75 per cent of our by the end of the year." from a cash flow stagnation," said Mr. Juma. "In 75 per cent of our he basis of last year's peron-line stations I cannot touch our ce, the first year that the money from up to seven weeks of

owned by four Gulf its first being generated." published accounts of a Nevertheless Gulf Air's subed profit, Gulf Air hoped sidiaries and associated companies, which include the Gulf 15.7 million, in 1981. This hotels in Bahrain and Muscat. e face of the same critical

Gulf Helicopter Co. and a light aircraft division based in Muscat encourage the airline to expect a healthy return. 1982's target is a 15 per cent return on investment which is \$11.48 million.

Earlier this year, the Inter-national Air Transport Association (IATA), issued doom-laden projections from an extraordinary meeting called to discuss immediate solutions to the worsening financial crisis. LATA Director General Knut Hammarskjoeld said the world's major commercial airlines will be in the red by a total of \$700 million by the end of the year, if present trends continue. The 110 member companies will lose \$1.7 billion on operating their scheduled flights while paying out an estimated \$900 million in repayment charges, IATA financial experts said.

But the Arab airlines, led by Gulf Air, seem to be in a situation apart. At a marketing sales conference by MEA in Bahrain this week, Managing Director Salim Salaam said that the answer to the crisis was to expand. MEA, the oldest and certainly the most experienced Arab airline in terms

of management and operating expertise, has decided to meet the coming years head on and announced plans to extend its network to North and South America, Manila and Japan by spring of next year.

The impetus for the move comes from the return of the airline's three 747s which have been on loan to Saudia. Said Mr. Salaam: "We were faced with the choice of either selling off the planes and therefore putting 700 people immediately out of work. with a potential of losing jobs for up to 2,000, or becoming much bigger than we in fact are." The airline chose the latter and will embark on the new long-haul routes by the end of the year.

But it was not only on sociopolitical basis the decision was made, for as Mr. Salaam explained, "We think we can make our expansion pay. We owe

airbuses with an option on 15 money to no one, and like Gulf Air our shareholders increased more. The first is to be delivered by 1983. our capital earlier this year. Gulf Air will be adding a Unlike other international airlines seventh Tristar to its fleet by (on) the North Atlantic route, November this year. The loan MEA has a large ethnic market to

involving Gulf Air, Gulf Inter-U.S. And the Far East market national Bank, the American should be profitable for they are Export and Import Bank and manpower-generating countries to the Middle East, the area that Lokheed Finance Co. was signed in Manama, Bahrain, last month. MEA, like other Arab airlines

serve between Lebanon and the

Saudia received two Boeing 747s in April, and Kuwait Airat the AACO meeting, is intendways has expanded its fleet with ing to buy new aircraft this year. six Boeing 727s and ordered the MEA has signed a \$350 million deal in a letter of intent for five new airbus for delivery later this

agreement for \$37.5 million

WANTED

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generous salary. Apply to P.O. Box 9320, Amman - Jordan year. So as some airlines decide on catastrophic measures -- Pun American Airways, for example, which is putting staff on half pay and selling off one lucrative asset. the Inter-Continental chain of

hotels; Pakistan International Air-

lines axing 7,000 people, or more

than a third of its staff -- the Arab airlines can sit a little more easily around their conference table and discuss future technical and operating cooperation agree-

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ECONOMY 1

Why Japan may turn to Latin America

By Richard C. Hanson

TOKYO: Japanese traders still view Latin America as a "marginal" market for their products, despite a mini boom in trade so far this year.

pitable place for investment and. vears, most businessmen conceded the area to long-established U.S. and European interests. The importance of even "marginal" markets, however, is likely to grow if protectionism in the

It is seen as a mostly inhos- advanced industrial world continues to strengthen. Moreover, above all, a long way away. For Japanese businessmen and government officials recognise the importance of keeping the lines of communication open to Latin America's mostly untapped natural resources. They also recognise the potential for new bus-

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SPANISH CLASSES

The next course commences on Saturday, October 3rd. Registration is 17th September to October 3rd. Between 10 a.m. and 1 p.m. and 4 to 6 p.m. Spanish cultural centre. Queen Zein Street, Jabai Amman, close to the Spanish Embassy.

SPANISH CLASSES

iness as Latin America continues to modernise.

The importance of Latin America as a safety valve for Japanese exports, placed under restraints in other markets, was best illustrated this year by cars.

Shipments to all Latin America in the first half this year jumped 40 per cent to 219,506 units. To South America as a whole, exports doubled: shipments to Chile tripled to 79,530 units.

Overall customs clearance exports in the first half were up 43 per cent to \$5.2 billion, well above the rate of increase generally, following on the heels of a 36 per cent jump in 1980 to \$8.9 billion.

Traders believe that the export boom may be at a peak, however, considering worsening conditions in such markets as Argentina. where car imports have been curtailed after a surge early this year.

Trade between Latin America and Japan has followed an erratic path (though one clearly in Japan's favour) since 1970. Exports in that time have risen eight-fold despite uncertainties caused by oil shocks and other economic and political woes. But Latin America's share of total Japanese exports remains less than 7 per cent. At the peak in

Tonight and until the 7th of October

1974, the share rose to 9 per cent. Likewise. Latin America remains a marginal supplier of goods to Japan. For the last two years only 4.1 per cent of its imports came from Latin America, though the rate of increase in imports was 26 per cent in 1980 and 33 per cent in the first half this year. About three-

where most of Japan's "national otherwise. project resource development investment is concentrated.

Japan's lending to Latin American countries, especially Brazil, is also heavy. But on the whole. Japanese financiers are rather worried. Argentina. for example. foun.. ts scheduled Samurai ven

As Japan encounters growing protectionism in advanced industrial markets, trade with Latin America takes on greater importance -- not least because Japan needs access to the continent's raw material wealth.

quarters of the imports are in the form of foodstuffs, raw materials and, more recently, limited

amounts of oil. Indeed, Japan's role is increasingly that of a conduit (through the huge Japanese trading companies) for "third" country trade by a number of Latin American states. Trading companies report that Brazil. Colombia. Ecuador and Mexico have all requested such help in overseas markets.

In terms of investment. Latin America ranks far behind North America and Asia, having been targeted for 17.5 per cent of Japan's cumulative outward investment. Moreover, nearly half of Japan's investment in the regbond for August -- through which it was to raise Y20 billion (\$86 million) - abruptly cancelled. Last year. Brazil was forced to cut back sharply on its plans to raise yen funds in the Tokyo market. Because of economic conditions. some banks have already run up against "credit risk" ceilings on loans to many countries in the reg-

Still, there is the strong impetus for maintaining close relations. This boils down to economic "interdependence." Latin America needs Japanese manufactures, technology and investment. Japan believes that Latin America will become an increasingly important source of oil and

ion is in just one country. Brazil, raw materials, processed or

Two recent trips to Latin America by Japanese ministers were apparently arranged as afterthoughts to other travel plans. Neither the Minister of International Trade and Industry nor the Foreign Minister had much in the way of substantive business to

The business of securing a foothold in Latin American natural resources has not been an easy one

One of the more ironic twists in Japan's economic links with Mexico, however, occurred this

Importers in Tokyo turned down an urgent request from Mexico to triple oil purchases to 300,000 barrel a day (b/d). Just over a year earlier, a Japanese Prime Minister, bearing gifts of aid and economic co-operation, had travelled to Mexico -- before the oil glut -- to try to win the exact same pledge from the Mexican Government.

Oil shipments in the long run are expected to increase, especially after a Pacific coast pipeline and port facility are completed later this year, lowering freight charges to Japan. But Mexico will be bargaining hard for an increase in Japanese co-operation in developing its industrial and transportation infrastructure, as well as tourism. Japan is already building a pipe mill and foundry.

Financial Times news feature

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON, Sept. 16 (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading would currencies and gold against the dollar at the close of trading on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets today

> 1.8460/80 1.2018/21 2,3035/55 2,5550/5600 1.9860/90 37.80/85 5.5225/75 1175.00/1177.00 226,80/227.10 5,5590x5620 5,8730/50 Danish crowns

U.S. dollar Canadian dollar West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss fragics Belgian francs French francs Italian live

7,2950/75 One ounce of gold 450,00/451.00

One sterling

One U.S. dollar

Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns

U.S. dollars

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON, Sept. 16 (R) - Equities closed lower amid small volume and at 1500 the F.T. index was down 4.8 at 529.5. Dealers said recent falls were extended on small selling interest but a few issues closed above the day's lows. British Aerospace fell 15p to 208p after adverse U.K. press comment following its half

year results yesterday, they said. Gold shares fell more than three dollars, reflecting the easier bullion price. North American issues were marked lower.

In oils, Burmah finished a net 2p up at 112 after a high of 118 and Tricentrol closed 2p easier at 234p. Delta group held basically steady at 51 but Amalgamated Metal Corp was 10p off at 388 after its interiors. Rio Tinto Zinc rose 10p to 524p ahead of its results but fell to a low of 507 afterwards before steadying to

Legal and General Assurance closed at a penny down at 2470 but firmed to 251 ½ in after-hours following interim results.

Falls among leading issues averaged between 2p and 7p but GEC closed 10p down at 737 while Boots ended 3p higher against the trend at 229p.

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TELECOMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION INVITATION TO TENDER NO. TCC 6/81

OUTSIDE PLANT AND TRANSMISSION WORKS

The Telecommunications Corporation (TCC) of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan invites the submission of tenders for the provision, installation, testing and commissioning, on a turnkey basis of:-

- 1. CATEGORY II: Local cables and related civil works, and/or.
- 2. CATEGORY III: Transmission system and related power facilities

of the expansion of Urban Telephone Exchange and Transmission Network Project in the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan.

Participation in this tender is open to the nationals of the eligible source countries* as defined in the Loan Agreement, September 25, 1980, between the Overseas Economic Cooperation Fund (OECF) of Japan and the Government of Jordan.

Tender documents and relevant instructions can be obtained from:

The Secretary of Tender Committee, TCC, Third Circle, Jabal Amman.

Against payment of a non-refundable fee of JD 300. The latest date for bid submission to TCC Headquarters in Amman is 14:00 hourson Sunday 15th Nov.

Tender documents include:

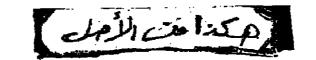
Volume I: General Conditions of Tender and Contract, and Annex to Volume I

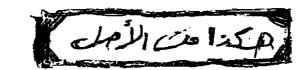
Volume III: Technical Specifications for Outside Plant Facilities (Parts 1 & 2) and "Drawings for Outside Plant".

Volume IV: Technical Specifications for Transmission System (Parts 1, 2 and 3)

 NOTE: As for the eligible source countries. reference may be made to the Secretary of Tender Committee. A Copy of the List of Eligible Source Countries can be seen on the Notice Board at TCC Headquarters also.

> Eng. Mohammad Shahid Ismali Director General





RATE nnis Talk



y to improve serve

By Maureen Stalla

IRVE IS the only stroke in the game in which you get two Yet it is so often, I see a player bang the first serve out the second serve into the net. Many players fail to analyse ir serve is not working, and they simply chalk it up as a bad wever, there are concrete reasons why the serve is faulting re are remedies to the problem. With work, anyone can ponsistent serve.

r serve is going long, it is usually because the toss is behind ss the ball a little farther in front of your body. It helps to Sign orward" as you toss, and think "up and out" as you hit. I also have more power if you do this. On the other hand, if ve is going into the net, you must toss higher and keep id up. Quite often, people take their eyes off the ball and slouch as they make contact on the serve. Think th up-and watch your racquet, hit the ball.

times the obstacles barring a good serve are large mental Havers frequently complain that they feel uncoordinated ward. Swing without the ball. The most important thing player to do is find his balance and rhythm. (For tennis, and rhythm" is the magic formula!). Count out the serve as if it were a two-step. Take it easy and never rush your

1 have lost all confidence in the serve you are probably the ball without any proper serving motion at all (with us results). The only thing to do in this case is to take a of bulls and just serve and serve until you have regained nfidence. Don't play any games until your serve is back. ast problem is a temperment situation. If one fault makes my and two faults make you furious, chances are there, ere faults, your whole game is obliterated by your rage. For e of your tennis (and reputation) you must control your is. The best way to do this is to always think of the next

at the past, concentrate on building your serve: make the e better.

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n room floor in a building right on the Third Circle, mman, suitable for offices, embassy or residence, y heated as well. In excellent condition and ready for

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The World News Magazine

AND PROGRESS IN U.S. ECONOMY: ANOMICS IS NEITHER QUICK NOR PAINLESS, JAY SUCCEED

MARTYRS TO KHOMEINI JUSTICE: IRA-# SE EALOTS RAID THE JAILS AND EXECUTE 150 **CAL PRISONERS**

CLERGYMEN: "END THIS CARNAGE" -**JNGER STRIKERS CALL IT OFF**

NICA RETURN TO SPAIN: PICASSO'S MAS-ECE IS INSTALLED IN THE PRADO

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he Italian Restaurant Hakooz

bal Amman, Prince Muhammad eet, opposite City Bank Tel.: 42829

management of the Italian restaurant Hakooz is py to announce that it is fully prepared to receive its tomers for dinner on Fridays. Italian Chef nino-Brandy is pleased to offer all kinds of Italian J, including a variety of pizzas.

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, SEPT. 17, 1981

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The daytime gives you a good chance to put your practical affairs in better order. Tact and poise on your part are required to avoid an unpleasant situation from arising.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Morning is the best time for clearing up monetary problems. Make sure to follow ad-

vice you get from a business expert TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Taking the treatments that will improve your appearance is wise. Make new

friends that are worthwhile. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Study just where you are headed and find more workable methods to gain success. Come to a better accord with loved one.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Don't rely on friends who are busy with own affairs at this time. Make plans to have more abundance in the future. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Be sure to handle an impor-

tant duty well since you could be observed by higher-ups now. Take needed health treatments. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Put those creative ideas to

work now and gain the respect of associates. Strive for increased happiness. Sidestep an opponent. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You have to use diplomacy

if you wish to have the harmony at home you desire. Try not to offend others at this time. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Contact persons who can

assist you with routines and you get better results in the future. Avoid a troublemaker. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Anything of a monetary matter should be talked over with experts to-

day. Show more devotion to loved one. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) If properly tuned astrologically, this should be a fine day for sociability. Take steps to improve your appearance.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) A good day to have discussions with close ties and come to a better accord. Make plans to have greater income in the future.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Consult business experts who can give you the right advice at this time. Steer clear of one who has an eye on your assets.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will need much spiritual and ethical training early in life for your progeny to be successful. Anything that concerns big money matters is fine here. Give cultural advantages and the best education you can afford.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, SEPT. 18, 1981

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Get in touch with trusted allies and gain their aid for a plan you have in mind. Strive for happiness in the days ahead.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Study new operational methods at work and gain greater benefits in the future. State your goals to influential persons.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) A good day for expansion where your regular interests are concerned, so take initial steps early in the day. Avoid gossips. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Fine day for

taking care of personal responsibilities. Follow your intui tion which is accurate at this time. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Come to a better accord with associates and make changes that can yield better results.

Avoid one who is not trustworthy. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) A good day to expand where business interests are concerned. Don't neglect to

handle accumulated duties. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Do something that will show to loved one that you are truely devoted. Take no

chances where your credit is concerned. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Discuss with family members ways to improve conditions at home. A new

outlet can bring more success in the to ure. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21, Contact a person who understands a problem you have and will help you

clear it up. Be more active. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Think along more modern lines where finances are concerned and get better

results. Make the evening a happy one. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Plan the future wisely so you can get what you truly want out of life. Go to the

right sources for the data you need. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Take time out from regular routines and figure out a better way to gain your aims. Spend more time with the one you love.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will be one who wants to learn a great deal, but should be taught early in life to schedule activities well to gain the most benefits. Give the finest education you can afford and success is assured.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN @1981 by Chicago Tribune

Q.1—As South, vulnerable, you hold: **♦A ♥AK752 ♦872 ♦10732** The bidding has proceeded: North East South West 1 ♠ 2 ♥ Pass

Pass 4 + Pass 40 Pass ? What do you bid now?

Q.2-Neither vulnerable, as

South you hold: **♦J7** ♥**Q853** ♦AKQ54 **♦**92 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West 1 ♥ Pass 2 ♦ Pass 3 ♥ Pass ? What do you bid now?

Q.3-East-West vulnerable, as South you hold: +Q10943 ♥J762 ♦QJ83 The bidding has proceeded: West North East South 1 • 1 • Pass ?

What do you bid now?

Q.4-As South, vulnerable, **♦AKJ** .AJ1073 ◇6 **♦K976**

The bidding has proceeded: South West North East .1 ♥ Pass 1 + Pass What do you bid now?

Q.5-Both Vulnerable, as South you hold: ♦K7 ♥854 0 A10985 ♣Q52 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West Pass 1 NT Pass Pass Dble Pass ? What action do you take?

Q.6 - North-South vulnerable, as South you hold: **♦QJ87** ♥95 ♦**Q954 ♣872** The bidding has proceeded: East South West North 1 NT Pass 2 ♥ 2 ◆

What action do you take? Look for answers on Monday.

Pass ?

Bookies accept bets on world boxing championship

LAS VEGAS, Nevada, Sept. 16 (R) — Sugar Ray Leonard matches his speed and superlative boxing skills against the awesome punching power of Thomas Hearns tonight in a 15-round fight to find the undisputed world welterweight champion.

Las Vegas bookmakers have

rated the fight even. Until a late surge of bets on Hearns, Leonard had been the favourite, with the

around ring skills, his hand and foot speed, adaptability and

odds ranging from 2-1 to 7-5.

Most boxing experts, however. believe 25-year-old Leonard will win because of his greater all-

experience against more formidable opponents. The consensus among most

experts was that Leonard has the tools to win by either a knockout or decision, while Hearns' chances lie only in a knockout.

Both the world boxing council, which recognises Leonard as the champion, and the World Boxing

Association, which lists Hearns as its title-holder, have belatedly sanctioned the light and agreed to recognise the winner as the undisputed world champion.

Only one other boxer, Marvin Hagler, the middleweight titleholder, is recognised as champion by both world bodies.

Peanuts



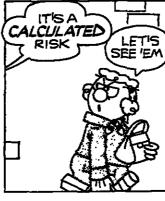
what should I do Next week if the TEACHER ASKS ME something, and I don't KNOW THE ANSWER?



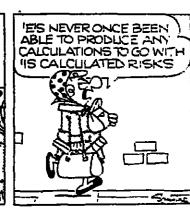


Andy Capp









Mutt'n' Jeff











THE BETTER HALF, By Vinson

'It may be an application from 'Who's Who,' but think they've lowered their standards. It's addressed to 'Occupant.' "

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Loo Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. TACUE **MEVON FUALED** SPOKEN SOMEWHAT COLDLY. BINNEG Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print answer here:

Jumbles: JOLI.Y SHEAF CAUGHT BUBBLE Answer: The horse trainer had no trouble getting a bank loan because he had this... A STABLE JOB

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THE Daily Crossword By Evelyn Bonshoof

26 Landed

property 30 Plague 32 Summit

41 Miserly

44 City in

33 Willow tree

35 Rye fungus

Derson

43 TV adjust-

ACROSS 1 Series of 6 Truman or Meyerson

10 Spill over 15 Dismounted 16 Periodical:

17 Colored 18 — noire 19 Biblical preposition 20 Sincere 22 Ancient

46 All through 47 Minimal 49 Acquired 23 Room in 51 Abase 54 Geological 24 Emulators ridges 56 Frosted

action 63 Flightless aggerate) 25 Addict 26 Ecstatic 64 Vehicle 27 Raw siik 65 Quebec 28 Idi 29 Stabilized 66 Norwegian

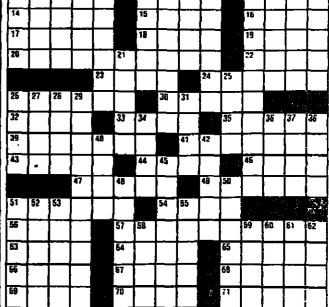
57 Fair trans-

king 67 — Shan 34 Socials (Asian 68 Attack Ego 38 Aquatic 70 Raison d'-71 Exigencies bird

1 A Kruger 2 Pull oneself up, in a way circus 6 Noise and confusion 7 Exalt 8 Location

9 Actress 10 Factor of a number 11 Thrust 12 Horse

fui



31 Orient 36 Administration: abbr. 37 S-shaped

21 — on (ex-

40 Open space **DOWN** 42 Havana 45 More resolute

48 Having a handle 50 Crater Lake state 51 Pranks 52 Place for

an eleve 53 Award for 55 French river 58 Leave

59 Finn

neighbor 60 Sum, —, 61 Mocked

1981 by Chicago Tribune-N.Y. News Synd. Inc. All Rights Reserved

Radical left claims credit for attack on Kroesen

BONN, Sept. 16 (R) — Two bombs were found today on a railway line leading to a U.S. Air Force base, as a Frankfurt newspaper said left-wing extremists had claimed responsibility for a grenade and gun attack on Gen. Frederick Kroesen, commander of U.S. forces in Europe.

The Frankfurter Rundschau received a letter in which the Red Army faction, popularly known as the Baader-Meinhof group, said it attacked Gen. Kroesen in Heidelberg yesterday because he helped to carry out "imperialist policy Western Europe to the Gulf."

The newspaper said the style of the letter appeared genuine.
Police were understood to be taking it seriously.

The group earlier claimed responsibility for a bomb blast that injured 20 people at Ramstein U.S. Air Force base two weeks ago.

West German police meanwhile defused two six k.g. (thirteen pound) bombs placed on a spur line used for military deliveries to the U.S. Rhine-Main air base near Frankfurt.

"The bombs would have blown up a train if they had gone off as it passed," a local authority spokesman said.

Apparently sensitive to the effect on coming East-West disarmament talks, the West German government today condemned the attacks and stressed the importance of the scheduled meeting in New York next week between U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig and Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko.

The four-point government statement especially denounced "the newly apparent aim to kill."

"The acts of violence... are not only attacks against our American allies, but just as much against our own security and freedom," the government said, adding that it would make every effort to stamp out terrorism.

Frankfurter Rundschau reported that the letter it received said the attack on Gen. Kroesen was carried out by the "Gudrun Ensslin Commando." Ensslin was a former leader of the urban guerrilla group who was found dead in her prison cell four years ago.

committee to rule till elections Niezalezosc bulletin in a report on WARSAW, Sept. 16 (R) - Polish a discussion about the future of dissident leader Jacek Kuron the union movement. It centred

Polish dissident suggest forming

called today for a committee of national salvation, arguing that the ruling Communist Party was paralysed and incapable of action. He said the committee should hold power pending free elections.

Mr. Kuron, whose Worker's Self Defence Committee (KOR) played a key role in the birth of the Polish free trade union movement Solidarity during the 1980 strikes. said the church, Solidarity and the authorities should all join the committee

His statements were published by the Warsaw Solidarity

Symptoms were the same as

those outlined by the United

States but no samples of the power

Nov., aide says

TOKYO, Sept. 16 (R) - Visiting

Egyptian Deputy Premier Kamal

Hassan Ali, in an interview pub-

lished here today, urged Japan to

undertake capital and technical

cooperation in Egypt's plans to

foreign minister, arrived here on

Monday for a four-day official

He told the daily Asahi Shim-

bun that Egyptian President

Anwar Sadat would visit Japan in

the second week of November.

The daily said the exact date of the

proposed visit was likely to be

announced before Mr. Ali leaves

Mr. Ali was quoted as saying

Egypt was mapping out the first

five-year programme in a long-

term economic development

programme between now and the

come Japanese capital and

technology in all fields involved in

the programme; including a

second-phase Suez Canal expan-

sion plan and agricultural

development in a desert covering

350,000 hectares (864,000 acres),

the Organisation of Petroleum

Exporting Countries (OPEC) in

1985 when Egypt's daily oil pro-

duction will have increased to

1,630,000 barrels from a current

650,000 barrels, he was quoted as

herdsmen had been evacuated

from near the Longyang Gorge

dam now under construction.

More than 4,400 people had been

evacuated from the city of Lan-

zhou, capital of Gansu province.

The New China News Agency

Egypt will seek membership of

according to the Asahi.

Mr. Ali said Cairo would wel-

here on Friday.

year 2000.

Mr. Ali, who is also Egyptian

expand the Suez Canal.

became available for analysis.

Sadat likely

to visit

Tokyo in

on the belief that Solidarity was no longer just a trade union.

Mr. Kuron said Solidarity would win in any confrontation with the authorities as long as there were no Soviet intervention and said the committee could be set up either after such a clash or precisely to avoid one.

"The party as a whole is completely and totally paralysed. It is practically incapable of taking any decision, he said.

But Mr. Kuron said that pressing for immediate free national

Afghans go underground be responsible to avoid conscriptions office, Danish NEW DELHL, Sept. 16 (R) -

Many young people in Kabul have gone underground to avoid a new call-up order by the Afghan authorities, Western diplomatic sources said here today. Radio Kabul announced at

the beginning of the month that people under 35 who had served in the army but who were discharged before Oct. 1978 would be called up to serve an extra year.

Visitors to government ministries in Kabul reported many ex-servicemen were missing from their offices and at one Western embassy in Kabul all Afghan employees and contract labourers who would be subject to the recall asked to be paid off and had disappeared, the sources said.

The call-up provoked demonstrations in Kabul in which two girl students were reported killed when police opened fire.

elections would be tantamount to declaring open war on the government and could eventually entail the risk of civil war and military intervention by the Soviet

H said any attempt by Poland to renege on its military and political alliances with the Soviet bloc would also provoke an invasion.

Another Solidarity adviser taking part in the discussion, university professor Stefan Kurowski, said a democratic Poland would have to guarantee Soviet interests. He said there was a chance that Moscow would eventually come round to accepting such conditions.

Armenians could for bombing of **Turkish Airlines** police says

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 16 (R) -Danish police said today they believed that the Armenian Secret Army for the Liberation of Armenia (ASALA) was responsible for the bomb explosion last night that damaged the Turkish Airlines office here and injured two people.

Police said they had yet be contacted by the nationalist group and did not know the motive for the

Experts found a second bomb last night hidden under debris and rubble from the first explosion. In August, ASALA claimed responsibility for the bombing of

the offices of the Swiss Airline, Swissair, near the Turkish Airlines In Ápril a Turkish diplomat was

shot by unknown assailants, but survived. ASALA later claimed responsibility for the attack.

New York 106 Fleich Lat. 107 Stalemate 110 Mates angry 112 Reset

work 116 Hilarious

opera 66 Card holding

80 Gnida 64 Tiny Insect 66 Bluenose 89 Cebbages 71 Presidentia

116 Hilarious
123 Hep
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127 Gerainf's wite
128 Stray
129 Free-for-all
130 Remove a stack
131 Guarded
132 Use a shuttle
133 Money
recipient
134 Grinding tool

98 issuing 99 Alliance acrunym 100 Less 103 Scrant dial. 105 Close com-pletily 108 Economize 109 Minet comb. form

form 111 Body support 112 Survey 113 Tolstol

comics
117 Hard to grasp
118 Sword
119 Bursts
120 Puts one's
foot —
121 Gwyn
122 Mentment

THE Weekend Crossword

Libya to buy 10 Airbus jets

BEIRUT, Sept. 16 (R) - Libya's state airline yesterday signed a contract to buy 10 wide-bodied European Airbus jets, the official Contract to buy 10 wide and reported from Tripoli. It did not give. the value of the purchase, but said the first two planes would be delivered in June 1982. The others would follow at the rate of two a year over a five-year period. The agency said the contract with Airbus industries was signed as part of a programme to develop the domestic and international services of Libyan Arabairlines. The airline planned to carry 3.6 million passengers annually when the planes, and others on order, were delivered, compared with 1.5 million at present, JANA stated.

Spain clears hurdle for NATO plan

MADRID, Sept. 16 (R) - The Spanish government has cleared a first hurdle in its plans to take Spain into NATO through a parliamentary vote. The congress (lower house) voted, against opposition from the Socialist and Communist parties, to refer the government's plans to apply for NATO membership to the house foreign affairs committee prior to a full debate. The 184 to 126 vote was an indication of the majority the centrist government could win in the debate. Socialists and Communists, campaigning for a referendum on NATO delay a parliament decision on NATO for a further month and a half.

Chadian rebels claim captured town

KHARTOUM, Sept. 16 (R) -- Former Chadian defence minister Hissene Habre's rebel forces have captured the town of Adrenear the Sudanese border town of Gineina, the official Sudan News Agency (SUNA) said. Quoting eyewitnesses arriving in Gineina. SUNA said Adre was captured after fierce fighting between Mr. Habre's troops and Libyan-backed troops loyal to President Goukouni Queddei. Mr. Habre's troops captured Gineina last week. SUNA said the rebel forces had killed 62, injured 28 and captured 24 of president queddet's troops. In another dispatch from Gineina, SUNA said rebel forces had shot down a Libran helicopter flying over Gineina last Sunday.

130,000 displaced in Angola

GENEVA, Sept. 16 (R) - The leader of a United Nations mission to Angola has said an estimated 130,000 people were displaced by the recent South African raid and \$20 million would be needed in disaster aid over the next six months. Stig Anderso told a press conference that 600,000 people were in need in Angola as a result of South African raids this year and in 1975 and because of a severe drought. Some \$8 million had been promised by the World Food Programme, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). International Red Cross and a Swedish aid group. He said the U.N. Disaster Relief Organisation (UNDRO), which sent the 12-man mission, planned to take food columns into drough and war-stricken areas with Angolan army protection, possibly using armoured vehicles borrowed from Zimbabwe as protection

Bangkok says it has proof of Hanoi's use of chemical weapons in Kampuchea

Afghanistan and strongly

suggested they were made in the

It said the poisons, called

Hospital officials at Ban Sangae

mycotoxins, caused vomiting,

bloody diarrhoea, blisters and

on the Thai-Kampuchean border

told Reuters that foreign medical

staff at some refugee camps said

they had treated cases involving a

combat or nerve gas which had a

The camps were further south

than Ban Sangae, which is about

300 kilometres north-east of

Bangkok, and were near stron-

gholds of Khmer Rouge guerrillas who are fighting Vietnamese

They said they had no evidence

themselves that Vietnamese

forces had used toxic chemicals

but added there had been several

"strange cases" of viral infection

among Khmer Rouge guerrillas

during the past year. The cause

Military officials at the Kam-

puchean frontier told a Reuter

correspondent that the Vie-

tnamese had used chemical

weapons mainly against the

Khmer Rouge. This 40,000-

strong guerrilla force is spear-

heading the insurgency against the

Vietnamese-backed government

Gen. Dien Del, leader of

another resistance group, the

anti-Communist Khmer Peoples

National Liberation Front

(KPNLF), told reporters yes-

terday his forces had never been

attacked with chemical weapons.

The main camp of the KPNLF is in

But the general said he was

aware that Khmer Rouge guer-

rillas had been bombarded with

nerve gas shells fired by Vie-

Western diplomatic sources in

Pakistan said the only indication

that toxic chemical weapons might

have been used in Afghanistan

were unconfirmed reports early

last year of unexplained deaths in

PEKING, Sept. 16 (R) — More

than 100,000 people are fighting

to combat flooding along the Yel-

low River in the Western province

of Ningxia, the People's Daily said

The official newspaper said

north-eastern Badakhshan

north-west Kampuchea.

tnamese artillery.

forces, the officials said.

was unknown.

in Hanoi.

temporary effect on the victim.

Soviet Union.

eventual death.

BANGKOK, Sept. 16 (R) — Thailand's army has evidence that Vietnamese forces in Kampuchea are using chemical weapons and it has equipped border patrols with gas masks, an army spokesman

He said the chemical department of the army had confirmed reports by refugees and defectors that Hanoi's forces were using gas, but he did not give details on how

it had done so. Thai authorities had known for several months that the Vietnamese army in Kampuchea had stockpiles of toxic chemicals with selected units, he added.

The United States said on Monday it had compelling evidence that deadly poisons were being used as weapons by Soviet-backed forces in Laos, Kampuchea and

Arab-Islamic English weekly to be launched in Britain

LONDON, Sept. 16 (R) - A New English-language weekly newspaper called the Arab Chronicle is to be launched to serve the Arab and Islamic community in Britain, publisher Claud Morris has announced

and his associates were concerned that this community did not have an effective weekly paper such as the Jewish Chronicle which served the interests of Judaism.

"There are now one and a half million Muslims in Britain, including the more or less permanent Arab community of almost 200,000," he said in a press statement. "They deserve a voice here. "No launch date was given.

Mr. Morris, who formerly owned a British provincial group of papers and some industrial magazines, said he anticipated an initial weekly circulation of

He said capital was being subscribed by a number of Arab and Islamic countries, as well as from the West, on a completely private enterprise bases.

Mr. Morris said that Arab aid agencies, OPEC (Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries). banks and Islamic religious and cultural organisations would nominate an editorial board from member-countries.

50,000 copies. A U.S. transatlantic edition was also planned. Mr. Morris said yesterday he

Thatcher sets 4 per cent state pay increase ceiling

LONDON, Sept. 16 (R) — The petitors. British government has set the scene for a bitter clash with the powerful trade union movement by announcing a four per cent ceiling on wage increases for stateemployed workers in the coming

year. Conservative Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's reshaped cabinet, at its first meeting yesterday, reaffirmed its commitment to tough anti-inflationary monetarist policies by setting four per cent as the target for the total increase for public sector workers.

The decision, announced by the Treasury (Finance Ministry). brought a chorus of protest and warnings of conflict from union leaders.

Alan Fisher, the general sec-retary of the National Union of Public Employees (NUPE), said the decision was "malicious, misplaced and misconceived." "The action of the government

is the first major step towards possible confrontation this winter," he said.

But new Employment Minister Norman Tebbit said the only confrontation he was interested in was with Britains's foreign com-

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16 (A.P.)

Instead of using fire-spouting

jet engines, the next generation of

airlines may be pulled through the

The prospect of jets stepping

back a generation into propeller

to make a big comeback.", he told

a Lockheed Corp., technical sym-

skies by propellers.

Propellers rather than jets

for next generation airliners

Mr. Tebbit said.

the way to keep a job is to work harder and better."

four per cent figure, which will broad measure of what the government thought reasonable and could be afforded.

increases would mean higher taxes, further spending cutbacks and lost jobs.

the last wage round was six per cent and led to 21 weeks of selective strikes for white-collar workers who finally got 7.5 per cent

rate of 10.9 per cent.

civilians and soldiers were mobil-(NCNA) said yesterday the Lonised after floods on the upper gyang Gorge dam should be safe if reaches of the river which are no more rain fell in the next few days. It said the flood peak was threatening two huge hydexpected to reach the dam on Friroelectric power stations. day or Saturday. It said 288 families of nomadic

100,000 Chinese mobilised

to combat Yellow River

AVILA BEACH, California, Sept. 16 (R) - Police arrested more than 300 anti-nuclear demonstrators who used ladders and boats in

stopped the demonstrators, estimated by police to number up to 2,000, from reaching the controversial \$2.3 billion Diablo Canyon power station on the rugged Californian coast.

The demonstrators maintain the station, which has yet to go into production, is dangerous because it is close to an earthquake fault. But power station officials say the two nuclear reactors have been

wooden ladders against the barbed wire fence and clambered into the station grounds.

some 320 people were detained. Thirty more demonstrators landed on the grounds from a small flotilla of boats and rubber dinghies, police said. Many of the remaining demonstrators sat down at the main gate,

at the end of their shift. the station, expect the U.S. nuclear Regulatory Agency to authorise them within the next few weeks to fire one of the reactors for the first

DOING THINGS By Elizabeth Tuck

ACROSS 1 Worldwide 7 Coup — 12 — Aviv 15 — California 19 Asperse 20 "Follow — of action" 21 Sout Fr.

25 — culpa 25 — culpa 26 — culpa 27 — good (delectable colloquial 29 Idie 31 Foreses 32 Sultan of

DOWN
1 — Zappelin
2 Son of Jacob
3 Microwave —
4 Cherry
5 Horatio —
6 Roue, at times
7 TV's John —
8 Long nametive
poem
9 Chore
18 Beloved of
Cybele
18 Igger —
breedbasket
12 South Florida
trail
13 Revising
14 Enticing
15 Gong

Diagramless

1 Scrutinize
5 Informati
9 Battery
terminal
10 Progress

onward 12 Operatic melody 13 Peculiar

15 Gong
16 To — (exactly)
17 San — Hill
18 "— She Sweet"
28 Mills: Fr.
30 Yoko —

33 Once around the track 34 Congregation 35 Show 36 Worth a good

43 Pecular: comb.form 44 Qualter leader 45 Alcoholic drinks 48 Jeopardy 50 Alfred or Felix 52 Holland: abbr. 55 Limb 57 Bring up 85 Having the most vapor 87 Sugar source 88 Satanto 90 Beverage pt 92 Conference 94 One who joi the army

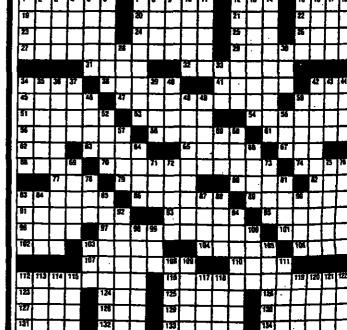
17 X 17, by N. M. Meyer

DOWN
1 Mineral spring
2 Pone
3 Assumed name 14 Give out heat 15 Fencing blade 19 Contradict 20 Regatta Hern 22 Unexpected success 4 Low tide 5 Verve 6 Low female

Levenson 58 Social insect

(formerly The New York Herald Tribune Crossword)

Edited by Herb Ettenses 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 16



Last Week's Cryptograms

Solving cryptograms and other parales may be addictive, but it doesn't damage the brain.
 "The Wind in the Willows" in the window will do well to seethe ill little

4. Our se thereugh entomologist might be beetle nut!

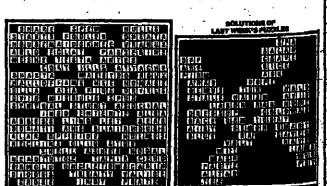
CRYPTOGRAMS

1. OATAIE JINBL RIB'F RUI TAIB WIN MAE ELBB URJON FILBOX FWTB W ORK RM BIBLEX

2 YUHROMHYMY IQZR THZRO MIR ACLES WQUB JQXRLY. OCA AHEE TCS THER HM WRQUP JQXRLY?

& EMPNGER LIONG MAKELY BJJS MOST TASS JR MOST IQUER LIIN LIEESIG SITE LIMPEY LE

4 TDPSIJ HNBNGYALO GIOJ SBP RAFNY TDYP -By Earl Ireland TSY TILIYN IJN.



إمكذا من الأمل

Mr. Arndt said passengers apparently wouldn't mind a change to props based upon favourable responses in a United

20 per cent better fuel economy

than a comparably disigned tur-

posium. "The new planes would have cruise speeds and comfort

equal to present jets and a big

advantage in fuel efficiency."

planes is being considered seiously by aircraft designers and airlines, airlines survey. engineers have said. "The passengers didn't care William E. Arndt of the what kind of propulsion is used if it Lockheed-Georgia Co., said the gets them there and saves fuel", he new prop planes would be very said in an interview.

bofan jet.

different from those of the past, Mr. Arndt said the new propfaster and much more pleasant to eller aircraft, which could be fly in.
"Propellers appear about ready operational by 1990, should get

"All the talk about less hours and more money is moonshine,"

"I must persuade people that

Treasury spokesmen said the affect seven million workers, was a

They said excessive wage

The government guideline for

Mrs. Thatcher has made reduction of inflation her main target and last month it fell to an annual

However the government's policies have been blamed for the highest number of unemployed

U.S. police arrest 300 anti-nuclear demonstrators since the 1930s with nearly three million people now out of work, or more than 12 per cent of the work-

an attempt to invade a new atomic power station last night. Seven hundred policemen and National Guardsmen (militiamen)

reinforced to withstand tremors. About 70 demonstrators, singing anti-nuclear songs, threw

Later, a second wave of 200 demonstrators went over the wire and police began making arrests on charges of trespassing. Officials said

11 kilometres from the station, in an attempt to prevent 700 workmen leaving and stop fuel supplies being sent in. But a contractor said most of his men left the station by helicopter

Officials of the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, which will run